NASA CR-141595

AEROPHYSICS RESEARCH CORPORATION TECHNICAL NOTE

JTN-09 VOLUME II

GTM: GEOMETRY TECHNOLOGY MODULE VOLUME II - PROGRAMMERS' MANUAL

(NASA-CR-141595) GEOMETRY TECHNOLOGY MODULE (GTM). VOLUME 2: PROGRAMMERS' MANUAL Final Report, Jun. 1973 - Dec. 1974 (Aerophysics Research Corp., Houston Tex.) 123 p HC

N75-17121

Unclas

CSCL 09B G3/61 09642

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Prepared for:

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NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION
Johnson Spacecraft Center
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December 1974

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1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
NASA CR-		5. Report Date
4. Title and Subtitle		December 1974
GTM: GEOMETRY TECHNOLO	GY MODULE	6. Performing Organization Code
VOLUME II - PROGRAMMERS	' MANUAL	
·····		8. Performing Organization Report No.
7. Author(s) S. J. Reiners, G. N. Hi	rsch. W. N. Colquitt	JTN-09 VOLUME II
G. E. Alford and C. R.	Glatt	10. Work Unit No.
Performing Organization Name and Address		
Aerophysics Research Co	rnoration	11. Contract or Grant No.
Houston, Texas 77058	riporacion	NAS9-13584
industrial results in the second	· ·	13. Type of Report and Period Covered
2. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address		Final Report 12-74
National Aeronautics ar	nd Space Administration	14. Sponsoring Agency Code
Johnson Space Center	,	
Engineering Analysis Di	vision,	EX4
5. Supplementary Notes		·
Final Report		
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17. Key Words (Suggested by Author(s))	18. Distribution	
EDIN, geometry, design	Unclas	Statement sified - Unlimited
17. Key Words (Suggested by Author(s)) EDIN, geometry, design technology, data base.	Unclas	
EDIN, geometry, design	Unclas	
EDIN, geometry, design technology, data base.	Unclas	sified - Unlimited
EDIN, geometry, design	Unclas	

FORWARD

This final report describing the formulation of the Geometry Technology Module (GTM) is provided in accordance with NASA Contract NAS9-13584. The report is presented in two volumes as follows:

VOLUME I Geometry Technology Module Engineering Description and Utilization Manual.

VOLUME II Geometry Technology Module Programmers' Manual

This work was conducted under the direction of Mr. Robert Abel of the Engineering Analysis Division, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Johnson Spacecraft Center.

The authors wish to express their appreciation to Sigma Corporation, Houston, Texas, and its employees for significant contributions to the preparation of these reports.

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GEOMETRY TECHNOLOGY MODULE (GTM)

VOLUME II - PROGRAMMERS' MANUAL

By: S. J. Reiners, G. N. Hirsch, W. N. Colquitt, G. E. Alford and C. R. Glatt

Aerophysics Research Corporation

SUMMARY

This volume documents the program logic, subroutine descriptions and other information concerning the Geometry Technology Module of interest to the programmer.

INTRODUCTION

The program was written to provide complete generality wherever possible without sacrificing computational speed or computer storage. The guidelines used were as follows:

- 1. Computer core size of approximately 24000 decimal (overlayed).
- 2. Fortran V programming language.
- 3. Minimum program execution language.
- 4. Modular program construction.
- 5. Generalized routines to allow creation or manipulation of geometry.
- 6. Generalized routines for interfacing to the EDIN System.

Information pertinent to the programmer is presented in the following sections of this report. Included are descriptions of the program logic and overlay structure, flow diagrams and subroutine descriptions.

PROGRAM STRUCTURE

The Geometry Technology Module is coded in Fortran V. Overlays are used to minimize computer core requirements on the Exec 8 system. The total program requires approximately 24000 decimal of computer storage.

The GTM is composed of several major executive levels. These levels are called by the GTM executive. The major executive levels are the input module, cluster edit module and segment edit module. Figure 1 illustrates the GTM executive structure.

The MASTER module (GTM Executive) is the control point in the GTM from which all sublevel executives are accessed. It contains its own language set which allows the user to perform data base management functions, access sublevel executives and general program control. Three primary sublevel languages are available, input, segment edit and cluster.

The INPUT sublevel executive is provided for reading data which is stored in specific geometry formats. Two are available, the Gentry format of reference 1 and the GTM format. GTM format allows free-field data to be entered. The data may be any type of information. This data is read in and stored in the data base geometry tree structure. The INPUT module contains its own language set and associated menus, which can be displayed upon command.

The CLUSTER EDIT Module contains a language subset and instructions necessary for creating and maintaining the geometric data tree structure. Functions are also provided for translation, rotation and scaling of tree stored data and output of the data in forms for interfacing with other EDIN technology modules. In addition, it contains the necessary logic to display geometry for image viewing. The display functions have a number of features which allow the user to zoom in on a specific region, overlay geometry, scale geometry and filter geometry for resolution. Mass properties evaluations are also commanded from the CLUSTER EDIT Module.

The SEGMENT EDIT Module provides the capability to compose geometric shapes, manipulate geometry at the segment level and display of geometric segments. Specific operations include translation, rotations, scaling, point redistributions, segment cutting, point edit commands and display. The module contains its own language subset addressable by the user.

Unit Designation

- Unit 1 Internal file designation for the geometry data base.
- Unit 3 Output file for Gentry geometry.
- Unit 5 The system card reader.
- Unit 6 The system printer.

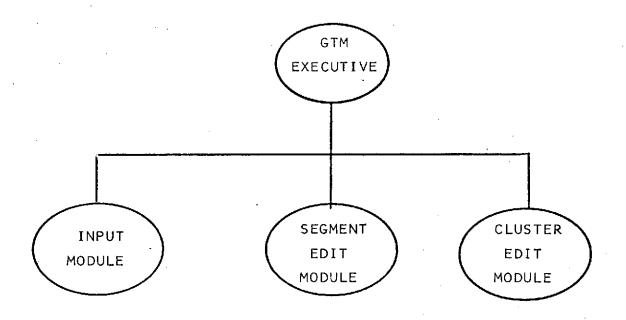
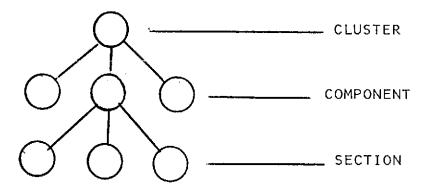


FIGURE 1 GTM EXECUTIVE STRUCTURE.

Tree Structured Data

The GTM uses a tree structuring method which allows data to be stored independently but can be associated with other stored data. The association may be permanent or temporary depending upon user specified structuring. The GTM data structuring technique is referred to as tree structuring and is defined at three levels (branches or nodes). The sketch below illustrates the several levels:



One level below the section level, called a segment level, may be defined but this data is freely stored and not associated with a tree. One level above the cluster level is the vehicle which can consist of several clusters but is not included in the tree structure logic. This section deals primarily with the tree structure logic in the GTM.

The discussion begins with the description of the control registers, those core locations reserved for indices to the actual data stored on disk. Throughout the GTM there is a labeled common block called TREEV which contains the control registers. The most significant registers are maintained in the IACV array of dimension 40. IACV contains the locations of an access address as to the tree structured data used in the GTM. The array is broken up into eight groups of five word groups. The meaning of these eight words in each group is as follows:

The <u>first position</u> is a pointer of the cluster name in the list of available clusters, data block.

The second position is the name and first word address of the cluster.

The third position is the position within the vehicle of the data block of the name and address of the current or accessed component name.

The <u>fourth position</u> is the component name and first word address of the component data.

The fifth position of the pointer is the component data block of the currently accessed section.

The <u>sixth position</u> is the section name and first word address of the section which has been currently accessed.

The seventh data block is the current position pointer of the data within the section that has been accessed.

The eighth position block is independent of the tree structure but is necessary information. This block contains the next available address location in the packed data structure used within the GTM. This location is used to control the access limit of all of the functions dealing with tree data withinin the GTM.

The access or the limits of the operation are controlled by the lowest level of the access register which is filled. For example, if an operation is to apply to a whole vehicle, then the controlling is done by having the only position filled within the access register being the second address block, the rest being If only a section is to be processed, then all positions must be filled through and including the sixth block or the section named in the first named address of that section. operations within the GTM are controlled by an implied limitation and that limitation is that the extent of the tree to be addressed and processed begins at the lowest level of the access register that is filled. In other words, if a vehicle name is the lowest level filled, then the entire vehicle is to be processed. component name is the lowest level filled, then only a component is to be processed. If the section name is the lowest level filled, then only a section name is to be processed. A number of routines within the GTM have been written to create, maintain and utilize this particular access register. These will be described in this document.

DMAN Software Package

DMAN provides all of the basic data management functions to handle variable length data pages while allowing them to be referenced by name. A data page may be stored on any file which has been established for data base use. All or portions of a data page contents may be retrieved. Modification of the contents of a data page is permitted, including that which requires increasing or decreasing the size of a page. Finally, removal of a data page from a file may be accomplished.

DMAN Usage. - The DMAN data management system is a Fortran callable software package which has been written for access and retrieval of data from the EDIN data base. The package consists of the following subroutines which must be included in the calling program:

DMAN Basic Read/Write Controller.

NXTAD Extend File Routine.

UPACK7 Character Unpack Routine.

RITBF Write Routine.

PACK7 Character Packing Routine.

REDBF Read Routine.

NWBLK Create a New Block for Data.

The use requires the following declarations in the user program:

COMMON/UNITS/IAREA(273)

DATA IAREA/0,n,271*0/

INTEGER IT(5), IBUF(256)

where n is the file number where the data base is stored. The usage is as follows:

CALL DMAN(IOP, IT, N, IDATA, IBUF, IAREA(1), IAREA(2))

The read/write option. A further discussion of these options is given later.

A five word array containing the data title. A further discussion of the titles is given below.

This variable contains the number of words in IDATA to be read or written. When reading, and the requested list cannot be satisfied, this value is reset to the number of words actually read, so this item must always be a variable when reading data.

IDATA An integer or real array containing the data to be stored in the data base. There is no restriction on the length of this array.

IBUF A 256 word buffer area for use by DMAN.

IAREA This is a unit dependent area needed by DMAN.

It must be dimensioned 273. One IAREA is required for each unit using DMAN. The double appearance of this array in the calling sequence is required for interal addressing purposes.

This area must be protected, such as in COMMON, and must be reserved for use by DMAN while this file is being used.

A Discussion of IT. - There are two significant portions to the five word array IT. The first three words of the title are user supplied hollerith words which represent the name of the data item which is to be accessed or stored in the data base. If this is the first access of this data in the data base, the fourth word must be set to zero. This zeroing of the fourth title word will also return access to the beginning of the data set stored under the title given in the first three words.

The fourth and fifth words of the title are reserved for use by DMAN. If the fourth word is zero, a search is made of index arrays to find the address of the desired data set. This address is then inserted into these two words. Each time some activity occurs using this title, the address stored in these two words is updated so that this address always refers to the next word after the last word accessed. This eliminates the need to search the index arrays for each access of the data.

A Discussion of IOP. - IOP controls the type of reading or writing done by DMAN. The I/O options are:

- IOP = 10 write a matrix. The complete data set to
 be stored under the title IT is present in IDATA.
 - = -10 read a matrix.
 - = 20 write a single fixed length record.
 - = -20 read a single fixed length record.
 - = 21 write a single variable length record. Using this type of write option, an end-of-record mark is inserted after the end of the record. Any variable length record read will not pass this mark when reading. If the read is a fixed length record read, however, this mark will be ignored.

- = -21 read a variable length record. In this case, N is the number of words requested. The read will continue until N words have been read, and end-of-record mark is found, or the data set is exhausted, whichever comes first. The value of N will be set to the number of words actually returned.
- = 30 extend a data set with a fixed length record. The data in IDATA is to be appended to the existing data set stored under the title in IT.
- = 31 extend a data set with a variable length record.

NOTE: If a read attempt is made, which will extend the read past the end of the stored data set, or the data set requested has not been stored, the following values will be returned by DMAN:

N=0 and IDATA(1)=3LEOD.

- IOP = 6HPURGE this option will cause the title given
 in IT to be purged from the index array.
- IOP = 6HCLEAR this action will cause the buffer IBUF
 to be cleared. That is output to disc if necessary.
 This action is necessary before releasing the buffer
 to other uses, or existing a subroutine or overlay
 under conditions which will not protect the buffer.
- IOP = 6HCLOSE this action conditions the data base
 so that the entire contents of the data base do
 in fact reside on disc. It is necessary to execute
 this statement on any catalogued data base to insure that its entire contents are on disc. Normal
 activity may proceed after the function is called,
 and this function may be called as many times as
 desired.

Subroutine Descriptions

The GTM is divided into three classes of subroutines categorized by the functions which they perform. Applications subroutines process the input commands. Tree structuring routines construct and maintain the system of pointers called registers which control the access to related sets of geometry data. General utility routines are used for performing utility functions such as string processing, sorting and merging operations, vector and matrix arithmetic, etc.

This section presents a selected set of subroutine descriptions for the GTM. Flow charts are presented in Appendix A.

Subroutine ADDCOM. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, ADD component.

Subroutine ADDSEC. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, ADD section.

Subroutine ADDSEG. 0 The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, ADD segment.

Subroutine ADDVEH. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, ADD vehicle or ADD cluster.

Subroutine AFILT. - The purpose of this routine is to filter out geometric panels for drawing purposes. All panels less than a given area are deleted from the plot buffer.

Subroutine BCOMLS. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, BUILD component.

Subroutine BLDACC. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, ACCESS component.

Subroutine BLDACS. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, ACCESS section.

Subroutine BLDACV. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, ACCESS cluster.

Subroutine BLDAPT. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, ADD point.

Subroutine BLDCOM. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, BUILD component.

Subroutine BLDCSC. - The purpose of this routine is to execess the command, COPY section.

Subroutine BLDCSG. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, COPY segment.

Subroutine BLDDPT. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, DELETE point.

Subroutine BLDEQR. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, EQLEN.

Subroutine BLDEXT. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, EXTERNAL name. The command will cause control to be transferred from the GTM to the ED Processor for the purpose of editing a segment of data. The routine first copies the segment data to a BCD file (logical Unit 8) so that it can be edited. An operations stack internal to the GTM is employed to accomplish the actual transfer out of the GTM and back again.

Subroutine BLDFPT. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, FIND point.

Subroutine BLDHLG. - The purpose of this routine is to execute commands of the highest level language. The commands processed by this routine are IMAGE INPUT, CLUSTER EDIT, SEGMENT EDIT, INPUT, CALCULATOR, MENU, STOP, SAVE DATA BASE, OPSTACK and EXTERNAL. The commands IMAGE INPUT, CLUSTER EDIT, SEGMENT EDIT, INPUT and CALCULATOR all transfer control from this routine to other language processors. The remaining commands are executed within this routine.

Subroutine BLDIPT. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, INSERT point.

Subroutine BLDLSC. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, LIST section.

Subroutine BLDLSG. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, LIST segment.

Subroutine BLDMNU. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, MENU.

Subroutine BLDRPT. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, REPLACE point.

Subroutine BLDSEC. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, BUILD section.

Subroutine BLDSTP. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, STOP.

Subroutine BLDSTR. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, START.

Subroutine BLDVEH. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, BUILD cluster.

Subroutine BLOCCM. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, LOCATE component.

Subroutine BLOCSC. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, LOCATE section.

Subroutine BLOCSG. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, LOCATE segment.

Subroutine BLOCVH. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, LOCATE cluster.

Subroutine BUFSET. - The purpose of this routine is to initialize a data area as a buffer pool for use by DMAN.

Subroutine CALCUL. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, CALCUL. The routine provides the user a quickly accessible calculator type functions within the GTM.

Subroutine CLEAR. - The purpose of this routine is to clear the buffer data area assigned to DMAN prior to releasing the core area

Subroutine COMROT. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the rotation, scaling and translation functions on tree stored clusters, components and sections.

Subroutine COPLST. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the commands, COPY cluster, COPY component.

Subroutine COPYCM. - This routine performs the data transfer for the command, COPY component.

Subroutine COPYTH. - This routine writes geometry data stored in the data base in Gentry format.

Subroutine COPYVH. - This routine executes the command COPY cluster.

Subroutine COPY3. - The purpose of this routine is to perform the copying of tree stored data into a sequential Gentry formatted data file.

Subroutine CUTSEG. - The routine will cut a segment with a plane and define a new segment containing all of the points either above or below the specified plane.

Subroutine DELCOM. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, DELETE component.

Subroutine DELSEG. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, DELETE section.

Subroutine DELVEH. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, DELETE cluster.

DIRCOS. - This routine will compute the direction cosines of a plane or a vector having the principal angles of PSI, THETA and PHI. The calling arguemnts are:

CALL DIRCOS (PSI, THETA, PHI, DXG, DYG, DZG)

PSI Yaw angle, degrees.

THETA Pitch angle in degrees.

PHI Roll angle in degrees.

DXG X-direction cosine.

DYG Y-direction cosine.

DZG Z-direction cosine.

Subroutine DISCF. - The purpose of this routine is to calculate the scale factor for plotting or for displaying the geometry. The scaling is based on the maximum vehicle dimensions and the allowed display area on the display device.

Subroutine DISERC. - The calling parameters for this routine are:

CALL DISERC (IOP, IT, LEN, IBUF, FOUND, IUNDAT)

Definitions of the calling parameters are:

IOP (Operation Control) This may have anyone of the following values: 3LDEL, 3LREP, 3LINS, 3LADD.

Contains the title or address position of the level of which this operation is to take place.

LEN This is the length of the record which is to be inserted or handled.

This is the record. LEN is the length of KT.

KT contains the name which is to be inserted,

if necessary.

IBUF and These are DMAN requirements. IUNDAT

FOUND A logical variable, if true, the operation was successful. If false, the operation was not successful.

This routine is the main utility called by the routines TREECH, TREEV8 and TREESC. It will accomplish the table search and in addition, will perform the instructions as specified in the following table:

3LDEL Delete the value if given in KT from the block named in IT.

3LREP Replace the value found previously by a call to this routine with an option of 3LFND with the present value given in KT.

3LINS Insert the record or title given in KT into the block IT as a position which must have been previously specified by a 3LFND operation.

3LADD Add the title given in KT to the block IT, either at the end of the location.

3LFND This is a FIND or access command in this routine to locate and return the correct addresses in IT and KT.

The entire address is not expected in the array KT but rather the first three hollerith names of the DMAN title are expected. The basic storage technique used in the tree structure is straight linear type. The searches are linear and the data is put into the table in a linear manner.

Subroutine DISPLY. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the commands, DISPLY+, DISPLY-, DISPLAY and ZOOM.

Subroutine EXTERN. - The purpose of this routine is to transfer control from the GTM to another program.

GETLNG. - This is a short utility routine which can be used to retrieve the proper language from the permanent data base. In many cases, the same core storage area will be used for several different languages. This utility can be used to test this area to see if the proper language is in core, and if not, retrieve the proper language from the data base. The calling sequence for this subroutine is as follows:

CALL GETLNG(IT, LGVAL, IBUF, IER)

IT A three word array containing the name of the language desired.

LGVAL The storage array described in LANG. Note: For the present time this area must be dimensioned at 1503 words.

IBUF A buffer area for use by DMAN.

IER An error flag set to .TRUE., if the desired language could not be found in the data base.

Subroutine GETPAN. - The purpose of this routine is to read a five point panel of data from the data base. The data returned by the subroutine is five points comprising four vectors which represent the boundary of a geometric panel

<u>Subroutine GTMINP</u>. - This is an executive subroutine for controlling input data in Gentry format.

Subroutine GTMPLT. - The purpose of this routine is to plot an array of data points. This array is assumed to consist of two dimensional points after having been rotated into the viewing plane.

<u>IDIREC</u>. - The purpose of this function subroutine is to determine whether or not the line or the direction of the line defined by the array LINE is facing towards or away from the plane as defined in the array PLANE (see PIERCE). The calling arguments are:

I = IDIREC(LINE, PLANE)

LINE 6-Word array defining two points (x,y,z,X₂,Y₂Z₂) on a line.

PLANE 6-Word array defining a point in the direction cosines of a plane (see PIERCE).

If I is returned as negative, the normal of the plane and the line points in the opposite direction.

If I is returned as positive, the normal and the line are in the same direction.

IDSRT. - This subroutine will sort a section in a radial manner. The average point of the section is computed using the routine PTAVG. This point then forms the center about which the data is sorted. Angles are computed between the average point and every other point on the section. The points are then sorted into order based on the value of the angle. This sort routine can only be used if the average point is interior to all section points. The calling parameters are:

CALL IDSRT(IOP, IT, IBUF, KBUF, IUNDAT)

- IOP Integer identification of the sort type.

 - If IOP is positive, the section is to be sorted into increasing values in a clockwise manner.
 - If IOP equals a negative value, execute a counterclockwise sort.
- IT This is a five word array containing the title of the section to be sorted.
- IBUF, KBUF and IUNDAT are data management requirements (see DMAN).

Function IGOOD. - This function checks the validity of a point to determine if the point falls within the boundaries of the plot window.

Subroutine INPUT. - The purpose of this routine is to read input data from the data base.

INTBCD. - This function subroutine has one calling argument. The purpose of this routine is to convert an integer binary value into a hollerith character string. The calling argument is the binary value which is to be converted. The subroutine returns the string left justified and blank filled. That is an integer 1 being input will be returned from the function INTBCD as '1

INTERO. - This subroutine is the primary input interrogation subroutine. Its purpose is to accept a list of characters and construct a list of words based on previously defined word boundary delimiters. The calling arguments for subroutine INTERO are:

CALL INTERO(NC, IC, NVL, IVL, XVL, ITP, IDEL, IOP)

- NC This is the number of characters in array IC.
- IC An array containing the characters to be interrogated. The characters must be stored in this array in 1R format.
- NVL This is the number of words in the character sequence given in IC.
- IVL An array returned containing the hollerith representation of the words found. These are right justified blank filled words. For use on Univac 1100 series computers, this array must be dimensioned twice the size of XVL. Each word can be up to 12 characters in length so this requires two Univac words.
- XVL An array returned containing the numeric values of this word if the word is a numeric word. The values returned are always real. If integers are required, the values must be converted in the calling program.
- ITP An integer array returned containing a type key as to the type of values found. The values returned and their meanings are as follows:
 - 0 Nul word inserted between two non-blank delimiters if the option was specified.
 - 1 Word found, was a numeric word.
 - 2 Word found, was an illegal numeric word (a word which begins as a number and ends with alpha characters).
 - 3 Word found was a legal name.
 - -N These values are reserved for delimiter identifications. If the correct option is specified delimiters will be included in the returned list of recognized words. See the documentation on delimiters. NOTE: blank always a delimiter.

IDEL An array containing the non-blank delimiters to be used. See the documentation of subroutine STING for further information.

IOP The interrogation control option. The meaning of the four acceptable options are:

- 0 Return words and values found only.
- Insert nul words in the returned list of words between back-to-back non-blank delimiters.
- 2 Return both words and non-blank delimiters found.
- Return both words and non-blank delimiters found with nul words inserted between back-to-back non-blank delimiters.

The following example illustrates the use of the routines. The input card is:

TEST = 1, ,, 3.999764E-10

This card has been read using an 80Rl format. The results are given for using INTERO with each of the four options.

IOP = 0

NVL = 3

IVL		XVL	ITP
6HTEST	6H	0.	3
5H1	БН	1.	1.
6H3.9997	бH	(')	1

IOP = 1

NVL = 5

IVL		XVL	ITP
6HTEST	611	0.	3
6Н1	6H	1.	. 1
бН	бН	0.	O
6Н	6H	O	· ()
6H3.99997	6H64E-10	()	1

<u> 10P = 2</u>

NVL = 7

IVL		XVL	TIP	
 5HTEST	6H	0.	3	
6H=	6H .	0.	- 1	
6H1	6H	1.	1	
бΗ,	6H .	0.	-2	
δН,	5H	Ο,	-2	
бН ,	бН	0.	-2	
6H3.9997	6H64E-10	()	1	

<u> 10P = 3</u>

NVL = 9

IVL		XVL	ITP
5HTEST	6H	0,	3

6H=	6H ′ .	0.	1
6H1	6H	1.	1
6Н,	6H .	Ο.	-2
бН	бН	0.	- 0
6Н,	6H	0.	-2
6H	6H	0.	0
.6H,	6H	0.	-2

INTER2. - Function to determine the type of an input character. This function is dependent upon the Univac collating sequence which determines whether the character input is a number or an ALPHA character. The calling argument to this function is:

I = INTER2(IC)

IC Input character right justified and blank filled (1R format).

If it is a number, the integer value is returned. A minus one indicates that the character IC is not numeric.

INTER3. - A routine for packing characters into a two word array. This is a machine dependent subroutine using the Univac Fortran IV FLD function. The three calling arguments are:

I = INTER3(NVL, IVL, KC)

NVL

IVL A two word array into which the hollerith representation of a word is to be packed.

KC The number of characters to be packed.

INTGR. - This is a function included in the GTM to insure that the conversion from real to integer is rounded up in such a manner that the correct value of the integer form. A floating point number is always returned. This function is used frequently in conjunction with INTERO which always returns real values. The calling sequence is:

I = INTGR(F)

IRXBCD. - This subroutine converts a real value into a hollerith string. It will automatically select the format which will yield the maximum number of characters possible and still yield the correct value. The format will be F for values which will fit within that field. If the field is not sufficient for a F format, then it automatically switches to an E format. The routine is primarily used in the GTM to output the Harris formatted information. The routine is not particularly efficient but it does function very well. It should also be noted that this routine will round correctly in all cases except where an additional character is added. That is, if ten is internally represented as 9.9999, this routine can not round it up to 10 but will output it as 9.999. In all other cases, the numbers are corrently rounded. The calling arguments for subroutine IRXBCD are:

CALL IRXBCD (NCHAR, XVAL, WRD, IOPT)

NCHAR The number of characters which are to appear in the converted string. It should be noted that the mininum number of characters which can be displayed and give a correct representation for any range of values is 7. This would allow for a sign, an argument, a decimal, an exponent, if necessary, and a sign on the exponent. Therefore, the minimum should be 7.

XVAL The binary real word which is to be converted into a character string.

WRD An array which will contain the output string. It should be noted that this is an array because the output character string will, most likely, exceed the character capacity of one machine word. It automatically continues on to the next word. Therefore, for the Univac 1110, a 7 character return would have the first six characters in WRD(1) and 1 character in WRD(2).

IOPT This is an option which allows the suppression of the letter E in the exponent designation.

If IOPT is 0, the exponent is supressed.

If IOPT is 1, the character E is included if the exponential form is selected.

Subroutine ISRTCM. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, INSERT component.

Subroutine ISRTSC. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, INSERT section.

Subroutine ISRTVH. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, INSERT cluster.

KEYF. - The purpose of the function is to provide an interface for the expansion of the RANDAC hash code computation for collision avoidance. A coded return value of the function KEYF is the first value of KEY. It is intended to hash code a multiword key. The calling parameters are:

K = KEYF(KEE, MKEY)

LANG. - Function LANG is the primary language statement recognition routine. This function will accept INTERO output and return a determination as to whether the statement contains a phrase which is part of an established language. The calling arguments for function LANG are:

IVAL = LANG(NVL,IVL,I,LGVAL)

IVAL The phrase number found in this statement. If no phrase was found, this variable is set to zero.

NVL The number of words in this statement. This value is returned by INTERO.

IVL The hollerith representation of the statement (returned by INTERO).

I The first word in this statement to be part of the phrase. If a phrase is found, this pointer is reset to the next word which was not part of the phrase found.

This array contains the stored phrase information. This information is packed into this array in the proper manner by subroutine LANGST. For use with GTM, a data storage program has been written which will execute the proper functions and enter any language into the data base in its proper stored manner.

LANGST. - This is a subroutine which interfaces the information from the language routine INECO to a format acceptable to the RANDAC directory routine. The definitions of the calling parameters are:

CALL LANGST (NVL, IVL, XVL, LGVAL)

NVL, IVL and XVL are all values returned from subroutine INTERO.

LGVAL This is an array set aside for storing the language information in a RANDAC form.

When language blocks are being created, they are created from separate elements. Each language element consists of two portions. The first is the non-zero numeric value followed by one or more words of information. The information is read in BCD format and interpreted by INTERO. The information output from INTERO is passed by the array LGVAL for use by RANDAC.

LGPREP. - This is an initialization subroutine for establishing the RANDAC directory and associated attributes. The definitions of these calling parameters are:

CALL LGPREP (IATRIV, LGVAL, LGVLEN)

IATRIV This is the attribute table for the RANDAC addressable block. The attributes which must be input are:

IATRIV, The length of the key name.

IATRIV₂ The number of unique key names.

IATRIV₃ The maximum length of the longest title.

IATRIV₄ The number of unique titles.

LGVAL This is the directory which will be set up for the RANDAC calls.

LGVLEN This is the length of the directory LGVAL.

LINTRV. - This routine generates a modified distribution of surface points based on a given geometric point set and input value of x,y or z. The calling parameters are:

CALL LINTRV(IOP, IFIRST, IT, VALI, VALO, VALH, IBUF, IUNDAT)

IOP Integer identification of interpolation type.

IOP = 1, then x is input interpolating for y.

IOP = 2, then x is input interpolating for z.

IOP = 3, then y is input interpolating for z.

IOP = 4, then y is input interpolating for x.

IOP = 5, then z is input interpolating for x.

IOP = 6, then z is input interpolating for y.

If IOP is positive, then the sequence input is defined by the title IT as an increasing sequence.

If IOP is negative, then the sequence is decreasing.

IFIRST This routine will allow an envelope type interpolation. That is, the function input can be double valued function. If FIRST is set to 0, then this is the first call to the routine. It means that the title put in IT is to be reset to its initial value and the search is to begin from the beginning for this value.

IT The 5 word title of the section to search.

VALI This contains the input argument which is the value to be interpolated.

VALO This contains the interpolative value found. It should be noted that VALO is set = 3LERR, then the interpolation was out of range. Extrapolation is not allowed in this routine.

VALH An ll word array required by this routine but is used internally. No initialization requirements are placed on this particular array.

IBUF and IUNDAT are data management requirements (see DMAN).

Subroutine LISTAV. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, LIST available clusters.

Subroutine LISTCM. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command. LIST component.

Subroutine LISTVH. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the commands, LIST cluster and TREE list.

Subroutine LOCBUF. - The purpose of this routine is to manage the buffer area assigned to DMAN and to control I/O to satisfy DMAN requests.

Subroutine LSTDAT. - This routine is the main data retrieval routine for tree structured data. The routine is called by all subroutines extracting data from a tree structure.

MAXMIN. - The use of the routine is to determine maximum-minimum extent for use with plotting, etc. It should be noted that the array VALS must be initialized prior to being called by this routine. The calling parameters to this subroutine are:

CALL MAXMIN(IT, VALS, IBUF, IUNDAT)

This is the title of the item to search for MAXMIN values. This is a dimension array, dimension 5.

VALS This is a dimension 6. This array will contain the maximum and minimum x,y,z values for data information. The maximums and minimums are stored in the following manner:

POSITION 1 Maximum x
POSITION 2 Minimum x

POSITION	3	Maximum	У
POSITION	4	Minimum	У
POSITION	5	Maximum	z
POSITION	6	Minimum	z

IBUF These are requirements of the data base management and system.

IUNDAT

 $\underline{\text{MXV}}$. - This subroutine multiplies a 3 x 3 matrix by a 3 x 1 matrix resulting in a 3 x 1 matrix (vector) result. The calling sequence is:

CALL MXV(M,V,VV)

M 3 x 3 input matrix.

V 3 x 1 input matrix.

VV 3 x 1 output vector.

All three arrays are real and V and VV may be the same array, if so desired.

<u>Subroutine MXVALS</u>. - The purpose of this routine is to determine the maximum and minimum points of a geometric set.

Subroutine NWBLK. - The purpose of this routine is to store the pointers to the data blocks written on disks.

<u>PACKWG</u>. - This routine is used for packing partial word information. It can be used for packing characters into full words or for packing small integers into larger words. The GTM uses it for both purposes. The routine calls the Univac function FLD, for the bit manipulation. The calling arguments of this routine are:

CALL PACKWG (IVL, IC, NC, IBP, IBPW)

- IVL An array into which the characters will be packed. This array must be long enough to take the packed string of characters IC.
- IC An array containing the characters or integers which are to be packed. Characters must be stored in a right justified format. That is an IR format, one character per word.
- NC The number of characters in the array IC which are to be packed.

IBPB The number of bits per bite (or character) used for packing for the Univac 1110. This value is six, meaning six bits in each bite.

The number of bits per word. Again, with the Univac 1110, the standard value is 36.

PIERCE. - This is a routine written by NASA Langley Research Center for use in the GTM. Given a plane defined by its directive cosines and a point in the plane, the routine computes the intersecting point of a line defined by two arbitrary points. Calling parameters are:

CALL PIERCE (PLANE, LINE, POINT, INTSER)

PLANE This is an array of dimension 6. The first three locations contain the x,y and z coordinates of a point on the plane. The last three positions contain the three direction cosines of the plane.

LINE This is a 6 word array containing two points which define a line in space. The first three positions contain the x,y and z of the first point. The last three positions contain the x,y and z of the second point.

POINT is an output array of dimension 3 which contains the x,y and z values of the point at which the line intersects the plane.

INTSEC This is a code returned by the subroutine. If INTSEC = 0, then the line pierces the plane but not between its two defining points.

If INTSEC = 1, then the plane intersects the line between the two input points.

If INTSEC \neq 1 or 0, then the line does not intersect the plane.

Subroutine PLTGTM. - The purpose of this routine is to draw a single vector. It also checks the end points of the vector to determine the position of the vector with respect to a specified window. The vector is truncated to fit within the window.

POINTR. - The purpose of this subroutine is to provide a pointer to a new or unused block of disk storage in the DMAN data base system. This particular routine is called from the TREEV structuring routines and its purpose is to provide the address of disk space for titles or for information which is not addressed from DMAN itself but is rather addressed from the tree structured data system. The calling arguments for this routine are:

CALL POINTR(IT, IUNDAT)

IT A five word title array.

IUNDAT The fieldata array IUNDAT which is discussed in the documentation of DMAN.

PTAVG. - This routine will compute the average point of a section. The calling arguments are:

CALL PTAVG(KT, VALS, IFIRST, IBUF, IUNDAT)

An array dimension 5 containing the title of the section for which the average point is to be computed.

VALS An array dimension 3 which contains the x,y and z coordinates of the average point of the section.

IFIRST IFIRST must be set equal to 0 prior to the first call. Including this particular parameter in the calling sequence allows you to compute a running average over several sections of values encompassed by more than one section.

IBUF These are data management requirement values. (See and DMAN).
IUNDAT

Subroutine PTPAIR. - The purpose of this routine is to provide a pair of points from parallel sections in a component of data in a tree structured data array.

Subroutine PUSHDW. - The purpose of this routine is to establish and maintain a push down stack.

RANDAC. - RANDAC is an access and retrieval subroutine for maintaining a directory of data base information. RANDAC uses the hash and collision methods of entering a table of data by keys. The table may contain the actual data or refer to alternate storage location (and/or devices). A chaining method assures uniqueness of all entries in the directory. The definitions of the calling parameters are:

CALL RANDAC (JOB, KEY, NAME, FOUND, FSL)

JOB may have an integer value of 1 to 5. The meaning of the values are:

If JOB = 1, the option is to initialize the directory.

If JOB = 2, the option is locate the KEYed entry.

If JOB = 3, the option is install the KEYed entry.

If JOB = 4, the option is delete the KEYed entry.

If JOB = 5, the option is write the directory.

KEY A dimensional array containing the multiword hollerith key to be used for entering the table. The names can be variable length for different directories but must be fixed for the given directory.

NAME The value which is to be stored in the table associated with the name of the variable found in KEY. It can be data or a reference to other data locations.

FOUND is a logical variable which is set equal to TRUE and if the JOB option is successful.

FSL An array used for storage of the directory. FSL must be prepared prior to usage by a call to a subroutine LGPREP.

Subroutine REDBF. - The purpose of this routine is to read geometry data blocks from a disk.

Subroutine RITBF. - The purpose of this routine is to write geometry data blocks on a disk.

Subroutine RPCPT. The purpose of this routine is to replace a point in a section or a point in a segment of data.

SCMVRT. = This routine will sort a section of geometric data, that is x, y and z points, into an increasing or decreasing sequence of x, y or z depending upon the parameters. The definitions of the calling parameters are:

CALL SCMVRT (IOP, LEN, ISRTWD, IT, IBUF, IUNDAT)

IOP If IOP = 1, then an ascending order sort is to be executed.

LEN This is the record length. This is equal to 3 for geometric data.

ISRTWD This is the key on which to sort. The sort will work only for fixed length records. In the case of geometric data, if this variable is set to 1, then we are to sort on x; if equal to 2, then sort on y; if equal to 3, then sort on z.

This is the 5 word title array containing the first word address of the section or data block to sort.

IBUF and IUNDAT are data management requirements (see DMAN).

SECARE. - This routine will determine the projected area of any section of data as it is projected on any one of the three principal planes. Following is a definition of the calling parameters:

CALL SECARE (IOP, IT, AVG, AREA, IBUF, IUNDAT)

IOP If IOP = 1, the area is to be computed on the x-y projection.

If IOP = 2, the area is to be computed as projected on the x-z plane.

• If IOP = 3, the area is to be computed as projected on the y-z plane.

IT This is the title of the section for which the area is to be computed.

AVG This is an array, dimension 3, containing a point which is to be used as the HUB of the area projection. The area is computed by making a triangle of this point and pairs of points of the section from which the area is to be computed. The area of this triangle is then computed and summed over the entire section.

AREA This is the value of the area which is returned.

IBUF These are requirements of the data management and system (see DMAN).

IUNDAT

It should be noted that negative areas are not computed. Areas are always positive. Therefore, correct areas can only be arrived at if the AVG point is internal to the area encompassed by the section.

Subroutine SEGDIS. - The purpose of this routine is to execute the command, DISPLAY segment.

Subroutine SEGNAM. - The purpose of this routine is to check the names of segments to determine if certain types of operations may be performed on them.

SETIT. - This subroutine is an utility used to establish data base title names or DMAN title names. The purpose is to place titles into the representative title positions when they are input from the keyboard. If the title is input, and is less than five words long, the remainder of the words are blank filled. The calling arguments for this subroutine are:

CALL SETIT(IT, NVL, IVL, JPOS)

IT A five word array into which the title is to be placed.

NVL These are values returned. IVL is an array and and NVL is the number of words in IV.

IVL

JPOS The position of the first unused word in IVL.

SETVAL. - The purpose of this routine is to copy the contents of one array to another. The parameters are:

CALL SETVAL (N, IDATIN, IDATOT)

N The length of the arrays IDATIN and IDATOT.

IDATIN An array containing the data which is to be copied to the array IDATOT.

IDATOT Output array for contents of IDATIN.

STRING. - This routine is a string recognization routine. However, it functions a little differently than most commonly used string routines. These differences will be pointed out. The calling arguments for routine STRING are:

CALL STRING (LISTCH, IVGN, ILAST, IUSED, LISTDL, NVSTR)

- LISTCH An array containing the list of characters which are to be examined. Note that these characters must be stored in an lR format or a right justified one character per word.
- IVGN The position in the array LISTCH which must be the first character of a string. In other words, the first character of every string which can be recognized must be in this position.
- ILAST The last character position which can be compared.

 (i.e. the length of the string of characters of input in LISTCH)
- LUSED This routine can handle strings of varying lengths. Therefore, this parameter is the number of characters that were found.
- LISTDL This is an array containing the strings which are to be searched. A further description of how the data is stored in this array will be given later.
- NVSTR Every string is assigned or must be given a non-zero code number. When a string is found, this number will be returned and will also serve as a flag that a string has been encountered.

Storing the string information into an array LISTDL: Position 1 always contains the number of strings which are in the array. If the number is positive, then all of the strings are single character strings. That is, there is only one character to be recognized. In this case, the data is stored into the array in the following manner:

- POSITION 1 Contains the number of strings.
- POSITION 2 Contains the first character which is a string.
- POSITION 3 Contains the code number associated with that string.
- POSITION 4 Contains the second single character string.

POSITION 5 Contains the code number associated with that string and etc. throughout the length of the string.

If multiple delimiters using characters of more than one string are to be input, it must be done in the following manner. The first position of LISTDL will be the number of delimiters. this case, it must be assigned a negative value. Position 2 contains the number of characters in the string. Positions 3 through n+2, where n is the number of characters in the string, contain the string itself. Position n+3 contains the code word which identifies this string. This sequence is repeated for every delimiter which is to be placed in this list. Special attention must be paid to delimiters which carry the same sequence of letters; one being longer than the other. In this case, in order to recognize them, the longest one must be input first. For example, AAA and AA can be recognized as legitimate strings if AAA is input into this list before the double A string. routine uses a linear search of both the data and the delimiter list.

Subroutine TISWAP. - The purpose of this routine is to exchange the titles on two data names.

Subroutine TITST. - This is an error test routine used to determine whether two titles are the same.

Subroutine TREECM. - This routine has the identical calling parameters and the identical definitions of the calling parameters to the routine TREEV8. There is only one difference in its operation. The routine operates at the component level rather than the vehicle or cluster level. In all cases the vehicle must have been accessed before any component operation can occur.

Subroutine TREESC. - This routine has the identical calling parameters and calling parameter definitions to TREECM and TREEV8. Again there are no differences in the way this routine operates from the other routines except that this operates at the section level instead of the component or cluster level.

Subroutine TREEV8. - The calling parameters of this routine are:

CALL TREEV8 (IOP, IT, FOUND, IVTREE, IBUF, IUNDAT)

Definitions of calling parameters of this routine are:

This is the option controlling the action to be taken by this routine. The values which IOP may have are: INSERT, REPLACD, ADD, FIND and DELETE. These values are all hollerith names which are input to this routine.

This is a five word DMAN which is to be entered or accessed from the tree depending upon the value of IOP.

FOUND Is a logical variable returned TRUE if the action specified is completed, returned FALSE if the action specified could not be completed.

IVTREE This is the 40 word access array.

IBUF and Are used by DMAN. IUNDAT

The command INSERT results in the insertion of a new vehicle or cluster into the list of available clusters. It also implies that a position for this insertion has been specified by a previous access at the cluster level so that the cluster array has information or title positions in the access register. In this case, the vehicle or cluster is inserted in a position in front of the currently accessed vehicle.

REPLACE is a command to replace the vehicle which has been previously accessed and whose name is in register 2 with the value input under the title IT.

ADD adds the title input in title (1) IT, to the list of available clusters. In this case, the cluster need not have been accessed prior to this call. It should be noted that if this title duplicates a title that is already in the list of available clusters, this title replaces the one which is currently there. This is done automatically and no message is given.

FIND is the access operation of this routine. FIND will locate the vehicle given by the title in IT and will establish the access register to reflect the fact that this cluster has been located.

DELETE will delete the clusters specified in IT from the list of available clusters.

UNPKRG. - This subroutine has an identical calling sequence to the routine PACKWG and it is the inverse routine of PACKWG. The arguments are identical. This routine will unpack full word arrays and place the information into the specified array. It can be used for unpacking characters read in A6 format into lR format. It is also used in certain places for unpacking small integers which are stored several to a word.

Subroutine USEOPS. - The purpose of this routine is to transfer control to a stored operations stack.

XFORM. - This subroutine computes the transformation matrix for a yaw, pitch and roll rotation sequence. The calling sequence is:

CALL XFORM(A,B,C,X)

- A Yaw angle in degrees.
- B Pitch angle in degrees.
- C Roll angle in degrees.
- X The output 3 x 3 matrix and transformation cosines.

 $\overline{\text{ZERO}}$. - The purpose of this routine is to set an array equal to 0. The calling arguments are:

CALL ZERO (N, IDAT)

N The number of values of IDAT to be set to zero.

IDAT The array to be zeroed.

Subroutine ZOOMSC. - The purpose of this routine is to compute a new scale factor and zeros for plotting of geometric data.

OVERLAY STRUCTURE

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          IN GIMSED
12.
          SEG BB#, (MAIM)
13.
          IN BLOHLG
14.
15.
          SEG CC%, (MAIN)
          IN GIMINE
15.
          SEG DDW. (MAIN)
17.
          IN SECEDT
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          SEG FFE: (MAIH)
19.
          IN INTTAL
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          SEG GG*, (MAIN)
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          SEG CCC*, (AA, BB, CC, DD, FF, GG)
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           IN SEGDIS
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           SEG DDB%, (DD, AA)
33.
           IN BLDHHU
35.
           SEG DDC*, (DD)
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           IN BLOFFT
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           SEG DDD*, (DD,AA)
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          IN BLDLSC
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IN DELCOM
 130.
 131.
            SEG HAMP, (AA)
            IN DELUEH
 102.
            SEG ARM** (AA)
 183.
            IN LISTOM
 104.
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             IN LISTUH
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 107.
             IN COPYCH
 193.
            SEG AANA (AA)
 109.
            IN COPYUH
 110.
             SEG AAY#, (AA)
 111.
             IN BLOCSG
 112.
             SEG AAZX, (AA)
 113.
             IN BLOCSC
 114.
             SEG ABA%, (AA)
 115.
 116.
             IN BLOCCH
             SEG ABB#, (AA)
 117.
             IN BLOCUH
 113,
             SEG AEC#, (AA)
. 119.
             IN BLDSEC
 120.
             SEG ABD*, (AA)
 121.
             IN LISTAU
 182.
             SEG ABEM, (AA)
 123.
             IN COPYTH
 124.
             IN COPYS
 125.
             SEG BEAR, (BB)
 126.
 127.
             IN EXTERM
             SEG COAM, (CC)
 123.
             IN INTECD
 129.
             SEG ZZZ*, (DDY, AAA, BBBC, BBBD)
 130.
             IN XFORM
 131.
             TH MZU
  132.
             SEG ZZ4*, (AA, DDO, DDP, CC, DDM, DDM)
  133.
             IN TREESC
  134.
             IN DISERC
  135.
             IN TREEUH
  135.
  137.
             IN TREECH
             SEG ZZ8% (DDK:CCC)
  133.
             IN PUSHDW
  139.
             SEG BBBA, (AA)
  140.
  141.
             IN DISFLY
              SEG SBBAM, (AA)
  142.
              IN PLIMIT
  143.
             SEG BBBC*, (BBB)
  144,
  145.
             IH Z00/43C
              IN GETPIN
  146.
              IN PTPAIR
  147.
  148.
             IN MYORK
  \mathbf{r} = \mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{r}}
             ld side.i
              The off ILD
  155.
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11 In A. Dain

1--11-1 [4]

IN CHERLT 100.

SEG JBRD#: (BBB)

IN DISCF 155.

IN MAWJAL

RB ELEMENT HOT FOUND: TEKOM AFON STATUS OF GUTPUT ELEMENT-CLRAFOM

. ADDRESS LIMITS

001000 036051 14890 IBANK NORDS DECIMAL 040000 066047 11304 DBANK MORDS DECIMAL

SEGMENT LOAD TABLE 040000 040347 INDIRECT LOAD TABLE 040350 041117

STARTING ADDRESS 825076

SEGMENT MAIN

001000 025210

- 041120 057072

SYS\$%RLIB\$.MSWTC\$/FOR69

\$(1) 001000 001024 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NTAB:, FNCTB:, 1000D:, WRBLKs

SYS\$#RLIB\$.MWEF\$/JSC69.

\$(2) 041120 041137 \$(|) 001025 001232 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MTABS, MS11: NAPFAS, IOCODS, MFCHKS, MBFMG:, PACKT:, RDBLK:, UMIT:, UPDDA:, WAIT:, BSIBL:, DRAIN:, NBFGTs, MIOERS, MBFRLS, MSWTCS, MRBFAS, PUNCHS, PNCHAS, STREGS, PRINTS, NUALKS, CLOSES, WEFS, IOS

SYS\$#RLIB\$.NBDCW\$/FOR64

\$(1) 001238 001360 \$(2) 041140 041202. EXTERMAL REFERENCES: MC1ULO, MFDP\$, MC1UL1

SYSPERLIBS.NFTUSZFOR

\$(1) 001361 001403

SYS##RLIB#, MCMUT#/FOR68

\$(1) 001404 001625 \$(2) 041203 041277 EXTERMAL REFERENCES: STREGS; MSTSV5, MSTAT5, MCOM35, MERCRS, NETGLA: MCDOFA: MERCTA

SYS\$#RLIB\$, MRMMD\$/FOR68

EXTERMAL PEFERENCES: NTABS, MS115, MAPPAS, 100005, MFCHRS, WAITS, MICERS, MBS, DRAIMS, MRBFS, REWS, IOS, STREGS, PRINTS, MWALKS

SYS\$MRLIBS.NCLOS\$YFOR68.

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EMTERNOL REFERENCES: HTHRS, ABILS, UNITS, COFS, 10Ms, HBS, PMERT, MAITS, MREWS, NRBFS, STREGS, NCEFS, PRINTS, MWALKS, MTBSZS, MIOERS, WAS 104

SYS\$#RLIB\$. MBF00\$/FOR

\$(2) 041343 048544

SYS\$#RLIB\$.WFIMD\$/FOR68

\$(1) 002101 002250 \$(2) 043545 043615 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MTAB\$, NSI1\$, IOCOD\$, NBFRS\$, NEIRN\$, NBFMG\$, R\$, IO\$, WAIT\$, W\$, IOW\$, NIOER\$, MERU\$, NTBSZ\$, UNIT\$, PACKT\$, STREG\$, NBTOD\$, NSTAT\$, NERCT\$

SYS\$#RLIB\$.NININ\$/FOR68

\$(1) 002251 002441 \$(2) 043616 043621 EXTERMAL REFERENCES: MTAB\$, PACKT\$, MFRH\$, MREC\$, MERU\$, NRI\$, MKLH\$, MKL2\$, MFRA\$, MLLM\$, MRTR\$, MFTCB\$, TEMP\$, UNIT\$, MFTCH\$, MBCM\$, MIIC\$, MCSP\$, NBIPA\$, MEFCL\$, READA\$

SYS\$*RLIB\$.MIMPT\$/FOR69

\$(1) 002442 003450 \$(2) 043622 043652 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MMG90\$, MFGT\$, IOCOD\$, MR92\$, MR93\$, MLLC\$, MFM96\$, MFAR\$, MFRZ\$, MFW2\$, MP91\$, STREG\$, MSTSU\$, MSTAT\$, MCOM3\$, MFTGL\$, MERCR\$, MFCI\$, MCMV9\$, MSF\$, MFSG\$, MFDB\$, MDBFI\$. MDBCU\$, MFRC\$, MFRH\$, MEFCL\$, MFCM\$, MDBIM\$, MGC9\$, MPCT\$, MTI0\$, MFGC\$, MRTR\$, MFRG\$, MDBLT\$, READ\$, MCSP\$, MUEC\$

SYS\$#RLIB\$.MRBLK\$/FOR68

\$(1) 003451 003473 EXTERMAL REFERENCES: MTAB\$, WHIT\$, WAIT\$, MIDER\$, R\$, UPDDA\$, IO\$

SYS\$#RLIB\$, MFTCH\$/FOR69

\$(1) 003474 003756 \$(2) 043653 043666 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NTAB\$, RDBLK\$, WAIT\$, MIOER\$, IOCOD\$, MSFRL\$, NBFGT\$, NBFMG\$, R\$, MF3Y1\$, MIOER\$A, MBFRS\$, MFROMF\$, MB\$, UNIT\$, MF\$, IOW\$, FNCTB\$, UPDDA\$, STREG\$, NSTAT\$, MERCT\$

SYS\$#RLIB\$.MBSBL\$/FOR68

\$(1) 003757 004017 EXTERMAL REFERENCES: MTAB\$, MB\$, WAIT\$, NIOER\$, IOW\$, UPDDA\$

SYS\$#RLIB\$, NUPDA\$/FOR68

\$(1) 004020 004053 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NTAB\$, WAIT\$, MB\$

SYS\$*RLIB\$.MWBLK\$/FOR68

\$(1) 004054 004165 EXTERMAL REFERENCES: NTAB\$, UNIT\$, WAIT\$, NIOER\$, W\$, UPDDA\$, 10\$ THE MAKELLAND AND LEAD FORMS

:(1) 000166 004462 3(2) 043667 043672
ENTERNAL REFERENCES: HTAB\$, MFRJ\$, MECS, MFPC\$, MSTSU\$, PACKT ,
MERU\$, MPU\$, MPR\$, MKLM\$, MKL2\$, MFRM\$, MOLM\$, MTEMD\$, MBFMG\$,
MC1ULO, MBFGT\$, MBFRS\$, MAIT\$, MIOER\$, UPDDA\$, BSIBL\$, FNCTB\$,
PNCHA\$, MEXIT\$, NCCC\$, PPP\$, PRNTA\$, MCSP\$, TEMP\$, DRAIM\$, UNIT\$,
MBFRL\$, MCJNI02\$, CFE, NIO2\$

SYS\$#RLIB\$.HOUT\$2FOR69

SYS\$#RLIB\$.MFMT\$/FOR69

\$(1) 005640 006514 \$(2) 043732 044006
EXTERMAL REFERENCES: MTAB\$, MFRZ\$, MFRZ\$S, MFMTR\$, MFTGL\$,
MIO1V\$, MFMIO1\$, MIO3V\$, MFMIO1D\$, MIO3VA\$, MDBI\$, MAB7\$, MAB0\$,
MAB4\$, MAB2\$, MAB5\$, MAB3\$, MAB1\$, MAB6\$, STREG\$, MSTAT\$, MERCR\$,
MFCS\$, MDBCV\$, MHVC\$, MDBIN\$, MXVC\$, MAVC\$, MFRG\$, MRTR\$, PRINT\$,
MFCA\$, MVEC\$, NI02\$, IOCOD\$, MCA\$, MCHAR\$, NSTSV\$

SYS\$*RLID\$.NIOER\$/FOR69

\$(1) 006515 006704 \$(2) 044007 044145
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NTAB\$, STREG\$, UNIT\$, NLRT\$, NLTB\$, MSTAT\$,
NCJN102\$, NTEND\$, NS11\$, NRSF\$, MSAO\$, PRINT\$, PACKT\$, MWALK\$

SYS\$#RLIB\$.NFCHK\$/FOR69

\$(1) 006705 007672 \$(2) 044146 044321

\$(4) 044322 044373

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NTABs, NERUS, NTBSZS, UNITS, NBTODS, FITEMS, PLS, BLS, PACKTS, IOCODS, STREGS, NSTATS, PRINTS, NWALKS, MS11S, CSFS, WAITS, NIOERS, WS, IOWS, UPDDAS, BS1BLS, MBS, TEMPS, DRAINS, WRBLKS, NC1ULO, NC1ULI, B2LS, B2OS, B1OS, B1LS, CLOSES, EXIT

SYSSERLIBS.NTABS/JSC

\$(2) 044374 044433

SY3\$*RLIB\$.ERU\$/SYS69 UOMSYS(COMMONBLOCK)

044434 044450

SYS\$*RLIB\$.H\$MONITOR/RFOR69

\$(1) 907673 911133

\$(2) 044451 045257

\$14) UOHSYS

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: PCTs, IALLs, PRINTs, FRSTIs, LASTIS, FRSTIs, LASTDs, TWAITs, COMDs, READs, PRICNS, SNAPs, EXITs, ERRS, FARTS

STOCKER LIBERTHED BEATTONED

\$(1) 311134 311701 - \$(2) 045260 345263

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SYSSERLIBS. MRDAS/FOR69

\$(1) 011702 012331 \$(2) 045264 045276

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NTAB\$, NHPFA\$, IOCOD\$, NRSX\$, NCDAF\$,

MDASCD\$, NFIND\$, WAIT\$, NIOER\$, NIO1V\$, NIO2V\$, NIO3V\$, NIO1B\$,

NDT\$, UNIT\$, NRELD\$, NDPFDL\$, NDANW\$, NNWDL\$, NC1UL0, NIO3\$,

NIO2\$, NFBY1\$, NFRONF\$, STREG\$, NBCW\$, NSTAT\$, MERCT\$, W\$, IOW\$,

R\$, NR91\$, FHS1\$, FHS2\$, NFRH\$, NREC\$, NKLM\$, NFRA\$, NLLM\$, NPTR\$,

NFMT\$, NCSP\$, NIIC\$

SYS\$#RLIB\$.MDEF\$/FOR69

\$(1) 012332 013067 \$(2) 045277 045376
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NTAB\$, NS11\$, IOCOD\$, NFCHK\$, NERU\$, NC1ULG,
TEMP\$, NC1ULI, NFPKT\$, NBTOD\$, CSF\$, NFAF\$, UNIT\$, NBFMG\$, R\$,
10W\$, NIOER\$, W\$, STREG\$, PRINT\$, NWALK\$

SYS\$*RLIB\$.NINTR\$/FOR69

\$(1) 013070 013130 \$(2) 045377 045415 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NTPERS, STREGS, FIELDS, PRINTS, MEES, CENDS, TALLS

SYS\$*RLIB\$.ATAM\$/FOR59

\$(1) 013131 013334 \$(2) 045416 045447 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NERRB\$, MERRA\$

SYS\$#RLIB\$.NIBUF\$/FOR68

\$(1) 013335 013374 \$(2) 045450 045450
EXTERMAL REFERENCES: NTAB\$, NHPFA\$, NRSX\$, IOCOD\$, NFCHK\$, NI02\$,
NIO2V\$, NR91\$, FH31\$, FH32\$, NINII\$, NFMT\$, NKLN\$, MFRA\$, NRTR\$,
NFRH\$, NSTSV\$, NNG90\$

SYSSERRUIDS MEINPS/FOR69

\$(1) 013375 014082 \$(2) 045451 045534
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NTAB\$, NHPFA\$, NRSX\$, IOCOD\$, NFCHK\$, NERU\$,
NIO1V\$, NIO2V\$, MIO3V\$, NFTCB\$, NIO1B\$, STREG\$, UNIT\$, NSTAT\$,
NERCT\$, NDT\$, NDPFDL\$, NFBY1\$, NIO2\$, NBFRL\$, WAIT\$, NIOER\$,
NDANW\$, MNWDL\$, NC1VL0, NIO3\$

SYS\$#RLIB\$.MSTOP\$/JSC

\$\(\psi\) 014023 014070 \$\(\psi\) 045535 045574 EKTERNAL REFERENCES: COM\$, EXIT\$, NRSF\$, REST\$, COND\$, EABT\$, IALL\$, ERR\$, PRINT\$

SYSTARLIDE.SIMCOST/FOR59

#(1) 814871 814828 #(2) 845575 845616 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MERRAS MERRAS

S,'S\$WRLIB\$.SQRT\$VFUR59	11 2 4 3	em to demonstrate	PROFESSIONAL PROPERTY OF THE P	\$(2)	0.15217	34.7A.7B	
EKTERMAL REFERENCE			- EU (a 1940) (2019)	4P. 人位. チ	1,100-411-1-1-1		
SYS\$*RLIB#.NIER\$/FOR69	杰 (11)	014265	014444	\$(2)	845631 (345751	
EXTERNAL REFERENCE							
SYS#RLIB#.NOBUF\$/FOR68	-2011A	014447	014507				
EXTERNAL REFERENCE PACKT\$, MIDER\$A, M MOTI1\$, MB\$, MFMT\$	ES: Þ YTST⊖⊈	ITAB\$, N ;, NIO2U\$	HPFA\$; NR	SX\$, IOCC MBLMK\$,	D\$: MFC FHS10\$:	HKS, MER TH820\$,	وجل
SYS\$*RLIB\$.NERR\$/FOR69	****	্ৰেৰ এজন ক	ात श्राप का	\$(2)	aasvse -	MariaP	
EXTERNAL REFERENCE						J (151 12	
SYS\$#RLIB\$.IDL\$/64	40 P of 5	C 1 C 1 1 1 1	्यान भवत्त्व स्वयं वर्ष	•			
EXTERNAL REFERENCE		015111 LT=, LO					
EX42-00002*TEKLIB.PARCLI	Γ \$(1)	815168	015264	\$(8)	846143	046147	
EXTERNAL REFERENCE	īs: r	lorro#		#1#1	BLANK\$C	UMMUM	
EX42-00002*TEKLIB.PCLIP		os karaka a	01 500 4	\$(2)	682156	082150	
EXTERMAL REFERENCE	#(3)	TKTRHX	01 July	\$(2)	BLANK\$C	OMMON	
ZU42-00002*TEKLIB.WIMCO	T .	a shoot	aisióz	\$(3)	assisa	032174 °	
EXTERMAL REFERENCE	\$(3)	TKTRHK		\$(2)	BLANKSC	CMMOH	
EU42-00002*TEKLIB.CLIPT	216.163	ori Surcor	9169 1 7	# 690 # 690	046175	alappa	
EXTERNAL REFERENCI	\$(3)	TRITERIS			BLAHK\$C		
·		THACE, IS	i (E., Prof. o. — tre	4			
EM42-00002*TEKLIB.REVCO	\$(1)	815828 TKTRNS		4.4	046221 31.69K#C		٠.
EXTERNAL REFERENCE				eg * Silvan J	attant it ftweet.	out B.Put F	
EX42-00002*TEKLIB.IOWAI		m + .2 4 4 1 1		i verdan	046237	ರಾವಕಾತಕ	
		TETERS SMETAT			BLANKAC		

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: TRELAY, MERROS		
EX42-00002*TEKLIB.PNTMOD		
\$(1) 016134 016162 \$(3) TRIBAR	\$(8) \$(2)	046244 046254 BLANK\$COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTPT, MERRS\$	29 % flows 22	And have the state of the same of the state of
EX42-00002*TEKLIB.V2ST		•
+ \$(1) 016163 016274 \$(3) TKTRMX		046255 046272 BLANK\$COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: CLIPT, VECNOD, WI	NCOT: PC	.IPT: MERRS:
EX42-00002*TEKLIB.LULCHT		<u>.</u> i.
\$(1) 016275 016323 \$(3) TKTRMM	\$(0) \$(2)	046273 046276 BLANK\$COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: REVCOT: MERRS\$		
EX42-00002*TEKLIB.AHMODE	and an area of	ر مدر رسال مدر اول ارداد الرومة ومدر وحراف الله الرداد
\$(1) 016324 016347 \$(3) TKTRMK	\$(8) \$(2)	046277 046303 BLANK&COMMON
EKTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTPT: HERRS\$		
EX42-00002*TEKLIB.POINTA \$(1) 016350 016401	at or of the state of the	
\$ (3) TKTRHX		
	\$(2)	
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PHIMOD, U		
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PNTMOD, V EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG	23T, NERI	R3\$
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PHTMOD, U EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG \$(1) -016402 016456 \$(3) TKTRHM	23T, NERI \$(0) \$(2)	23\$ 846311
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PHTMOD, V EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG \$(1) -016402 016456	23T, NERI \$(0) \$(2)	23\$ 846311
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PNTMOD, V EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG \$(1) -016402 016456 \$(3) TKTRMX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: AMMODE, TOUTPT, C	23T, NERI \$(0) \$(2)	23\$ 846311
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PHTMOD, U EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG \$(1) 016402 016456 \$(3) TKTRHM EXTERNAL REFERENCES: AHMODE, TOUTPT, C NERRS\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.XYCHUT \$(1) 016457 016640	23T, NERI \$(0) \$(2) HSYNC, I(\$(0)	83\$ 046311 046322 BLANKSCOMMON DWAIT, MOVABS, 046323 046343
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PHTMOD, U EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG \$(1) 016402 016456 \$(3) TKTRMX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: AMMODE, TOUTPT, C NERRS\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.XYCNUT	23T, NERI \$(0) \$(2) HSYMC, I(R3\$ 046311 046322 BLANKSCOMMON DWAIT, MOVABS,
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PHTMOD, U EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG \$(1) 016402 016456 \$(3) TKTRMX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: AMMODE, TOUTPT, C NERRS\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.XYCNUT \$(1) 016457 016640 \$(3) TKTRMX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTPT, NERRS\$	23T, NERI \$(0) \$(2) HSYNC, I(\$(0) \$(2)	R3\$ 846311 046322 BLANK\$COMMON DWAIT, MOVABS, 046323 046340 BLANK\$COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PHTMOD, U EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG \$(1) .016402 016456 \$(3) TKTRHM EXTERNAL REFERENCES: AMMODE, TOUTPT, C NERR3\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.XYCHUT \$(1) 016457 016640 \$(3) TKTRHM EXTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTPT, MERR3\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.UECMOD \$(1) 016641 016700	23T, NERI \$(0) \$(2) H3YMC, I(\$(0) \$(0)	83\$ 846311 046322 BLANK\$COMMON DWAIT, MOUABS, 846323 046348 BLANK\$COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PHTMOD, U EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG \$(1) 016402 016456 \$(3) TKTRHX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: AHMODE, TOUTPT, C NERRS\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.XYCHUT \$(1) 016457 016640 \$(3) TKTRHX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTPT, NERRS\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.UECMOD \$(1) 016641 016700	23T, NERI \$(0) \$(2) H3YMC, I(\$(0) \$(0)	R3\$ 846311 046322 BLANK\$COMMON DWAIT, MOVABS, 046323 046340 BLANK\$COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PNTMOD, U EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG \$(1) 016402 016456 \$(3) TKTRNX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: ANMODE, TOUTPT, C NERRS\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.XYCNUT \$(1) 016457 016640 \$(3) TKTRNX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTPT, NERRS\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.UECMOD \$(1) 016641 016700 \$(3) TKTRNX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTPT, NERRS\$	23T, NERI \$(0) \$(2) HSYMC, I(\$(0) \$(2) \$(2)	R3\$ 846311 046322 BLANK\$COMMON DWAIT, MOVABS, 846323 046340 BLANK\$COMMON 946341 046352 BLANK\$COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PNTMOD, V EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG \$(1) 016402 016456 \$(3) TKTRMX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: AMMODE, TOUTPT, C NERRS\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.XYCNVT \$(1) 016457 016640 \$(3) TKTRMX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTPT, NERRS\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.VECMOD \$(1) 016641 016700 \$(3) TKTRMX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTPT, NERRS\$	23T, NERI \$(0) \$(2) HSYMC, I(\$(0) \$(2) \$(2)	R3\$ 846311 046322 BLANK\$COMMON DWAIT, MOVABS, 846323 046340 BLANK\$COMMON 946341 046352 BLANK\$COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, PNTMOD, U EX42-00002*TEKLIB.NEWPAG \$(1) 016402 016456 \$(3) TKTRNX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: ANMODE, TOUTPT, C NERRS\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.XYCNUT \$(1) 016457 016640 \$(3) TKTRNX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTPT, NERRS\$ EX42-00002*TEKLIB.UECMOD \$(1) 016641 016700 \$(3) TKTRNX EXTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTPT, NERRS\$	23T, NER \$(0) \$(2) H3YMC, I(\$(0) \$(2) \$(2)	83\$ 846311 046322 BLANK\$COMMON WAIT, MOUABS, 846323 046348 BLANK\$COMMON 846341 046352 BLANK\$COMMON

EK42-88882*TEKLIB.CHARSH

1999 - ar7511 apadawa - Japan Tabuaraa JAB1918 #161 0-6574 047000 CHOLETASCTEL - EXTERNOL REFERENCES: FRANKT, MA: APRINTA: PIREPLA: AREADO: ERRI: . CSF4, 10M4, EXIT, TMAIT4, MID134 EM42-00002*TEKLIB.SUSTAT \$(1) 020066 020115 \$(0) 047001 047013 213) EXTREM \$ (2) SLARK\$CORMON ESTERMAL REFERENCES: MERROS EMA2-00002*TEKLIB.MOVABS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: VECHOD, XYONUT, NERRS: EX42-00002*TEKLIB, MOVER \$(1) 020142 020167 \$(8) 047020 047024 -\$(2) BLANK\$COMMON EXTERMAL REFERENCES: LULCHT, VECMOD, V2ST, NERRS: EX42-00002*TEKLIB.DRAWA \$(1) 020170 020232 / \$(0) 047025 047031 #(3) TKTRNM \$(2) BLANK&COMMON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LULCHT: VECMOD: XYCNUT: VEST: NERRS: EXAP-DADAPETER IB. INITI \$(0) 047032 047053 \$(S) TKTRMM \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MOGRAF, ANNOUG: MEMPAG, MERRS:

EX42-00002#TEKLIB.PLOT

#(1) 020344 020407 \$(0) 047054 047057 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: POINTA, MOVEA, DRAMA, NERROS

EX42-00002*TEKLIB.ERASE

\$(1) 020410 020430 \$(0) 047060 047157 #(2) BLANK#COMMON

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SUSTAT, NEWPAG, RESTAT, MERROS

EX42-00002*TEKLIB.BELL

\$(1) 020431 020446 \$(0) | 047160 047164 \$ (2) BLANK\$COMMON

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: TOUTET, CASYNO, MERRS,

EX42-00002*TEKLIB.DMPBUF

\$(1) 828447 828582 \$(2) 847165 847262 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SÚSTAT, CHSYNC, RESTAT, HERFMS

FISA2 - BAGGARTETS. REDEFI

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\$(1) 020503 020624 \$ (ii)) 847263 847318 \$(3) M3 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON EXTERMAL REFERENCES: UPACK7, PACK7, MRDA\$, MIDI\$, MIDE\$, MERRS\$ FX42-AAAARKTPF\$.RITBF1 \$(1) 828625 828715 \$(0) 847311 847334 3(3) 43 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON EXTERMAL REFERENCES: UPACKY, PACKY, NUDA:, NIO::, NIO2:, MERRS: FX42-000002#TFF4, NUBLK1 \$(1) 828716 821846 \$(0) 047335 047344 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$ (3) 713 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: PACKY, LOCBUF, MYTAD, MERRS: FX42-80002*TPF\$.LOCBUF #(1) 021047 021357 -\$(0) 047345 047407 4 (2) BLANK#COMMON ∌(3) MS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: UPACKY, RITBF1, PACKY, REDBF1, MERRS& EX42-00002*TPF\$,PACK7 \$(0) 047410 047434 \$(1) 021360 021502 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NERROS EX42-00002*TPF\$.UPACK7 \$(1) 821503 021617 \$(0) 847435 847461 siei a ANKscommon EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MERROS EK42-00002*TPF\$.CLEAR \$(0) 947462 847518 \$(i) 821620 021712 | 713 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(3) EXTERNAL REFERENCES: UPACK7: RITBF1: MERRS: EX42-00002*TPF\$.HXTAD 021713 021761 047511 047516 \$(1) \$ (2) \$(2) BLANKSCOMMON \$(3) M3 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NDEFS, NERROS EX42-00002#TPF\$.BUFSET \$(0) 047517 047532 \$(1) 021762 022024 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(3) HS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: MERES# EM42-00002*TPF\$.INTGR \$(0) 047533 047540 3(1) 022025 022046 \$121 BLANKSCONION EXTERMAL REFERENCES: NERROS EM42-00002*TPF#.LOCPTR \$(1) 822347 822324 \$ (3) 947541 947612

					#(B)	ACAMASCOMMON	
	EXTERMAL REFERENCE	IG4 .	DMAHI:	heess			
	E.VIE-BOOGEFIFFS.TITST	\$(i) \$(0)		5 022431 M		047613 047651 BLAHKJOOMMON	
	EXTERMAL REFERENCE						
	EX42-80002*TPF\$.POINTR	34(3)	1:1.2	2 822471	#(2)	847652 847664 BLAHK\$COMMON	
	enternal, referenci	E37	MMTAD,	PHCKZ: N	io ististicas		
	EX42-00002*TPF\$.SETIT	\$(1)	02247	12 022561		047665 047705 3LANK\$COMMON	
	extense cerenco	EG#	HERROS				
	EX42-00002*TPF\$.UMPKRG	\$(1)	gees:	a aaa711	\$(2) \$(2)	047706 047737 BLANK\$COMMON	
	EXTERNAL REFERENCE	E3:	NERR3#				
•	EX42-00002*TPF\$.ZERO	±(1)	02271	.e qee740	#(0) #(2)	047740 047751 BLANK\$COMMON	
	EXTERNAL REFERENC	E3:	HERRSA				
	EK42-00002*TPF:.PACKNG	\$(<u>1</u>)	02274	H 023074	\$(8) \$(2)		
	EXTERNAL REFERENC	ES#	HERRES		. , ,,,,,,,		
	EX42-00002*TPF\$.SETUAL	\$(<u>i</u>)	9238	'S 023132	\$(8) \$(2)		
	EXTERNAL REFERENC	ESI	MERRS\$				
	EXTERNAL REFERENC	\$(3) E8:	BN HXTAD:	CLEAR: U	(S)4 PACK7: PA	050024 050166 BLANK≑COMMON CK7, LOCSUF, NW	
	NDEFS, HRDAS, NIO EXCIGT(COMMONBLOCK) M3(COMMONBLOCK) ROTCOM(COMMONBLOCK) UNITS(COMMONBLOCK) SYSTEM(COMMONBLOCK) GTMOPS(COMMONBLOCK)		11UZ#! !	1941년(14년 - 1714년	•	39 030167 050167 050170 050174 050175 050213 050214 050634 050633 050637 050640 050657	
	ELANK & COMMON (COMMONBLOC	rs. I S	•		• .		

EXTERMAL REFERENC	ES: VECMOD, XYCHUT, NE	ing the second of the second o
EX42-00002*TPF\$.CR088	\$(1)	\$(0) 057157 057166
EXTERNAL REFERENC	CES: SORT: MERROS	\$(2) BLANK&COMMON
	\$(1) 026165 026272 \$(3) PLTPRH \$(5) UHITS CES: ERASE, DMPBUF, DMF	\$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(4) GTMBUF
MOVABS, BELL, MER EX42-00002*TPF\$.VAMP	रोहरी क्षेत्र क	
	\$(3) TREEV \$(5) SYSTEM	\$(0) 057206 057625 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(4) GTMBUF \$(6) UNITS
EXTERNAL REFERENC XPOSE, PAT, TOT,	CES: SETVAL, XFORM, GE7 -LOAD, MMCOD\$, SQRT, MWI	TPAN, MXV, CROSS, MXMSXS, NUS, MIOIS, HIO2\$, HERRS\$
EX42-00002*TPF\$.COPLST	\$(3) TREEV \$(5) SYSTEM	\$(0) 057626 057706 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(4) GTMBUF \$(6) UNIT3
EXTERMAL REFEREM DMAH1: TREESC: N	CES: SETVAL, POINTR, L: ERRES, NWDUS, NIOZŠ, NEI	STDAT, TREEVH, TREECM, RR3\$
EX42-00002*TPF\$.LSTDAT	\$(1) 030000 030462	\$(2) BLANK\$COMMON
EXTERMAL REFEREN WINDO (COMMONBLOCK) PLTPRM (COMMONBLOCK)	CES: SETVAL, DMANI, ZEI	RO: NERR2#: NERR3# 057732 057740 057741 060000
BLDMYU, BLDSTR, BLDACS, BLDCSC, BLDCOM, BCOM S.	\$() 830463 031672 \$(3) TREEV \$(5) SYSTEM \$(7) ROTCON \$(011)WINDO NCES: ZERO, PLINIT, IMP BLDSTP, COMROT, SETIT, BISPLY, BLDLSC, BLDLSG, ADDSEG, ADDSEC, ADDCOM,	Ula INTERUa GELLEGGA ENGLAS BLDCSG: BLDACU: BLDACC:
M MAG. RIMAG.	BLOCCM, BLOCUM, SETUAL, NADUS, NIO25, NSTOPS, N	VAMP, BLDSEC, LISTAV,

\$131 - \$151 \$(7)	STATEM GHIFA ENDIGT	\$121 D. \$161 D. \$161 MS	i Maur
EXTERNAL REFERENCES: INTTAL, CALCUL, HINTR: TXTRHK(COMMONBLOCK) TREE)(COMMONBLOCK) GTMBUF(COMMONBLOCK)	·。 内巴农民公享。 自由此Upa (ti)	60+9 (100) 61 61 81	50700 050765 50766 052044 52045 057072
SEGMENT AR* FOLLOWS SEGMENT		'2 g'	37073 063033
SYS\$*RLIB\$,MOSYM\$/FOR69 \$(1) EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NCHAR\$, NHPFA\$, IOCODE NBLMK\$, FHS10\$, FHS204 MPU\$, NKLN\$, NETF\$, NF	NTABS, NCAS, MHPFB\$;, NRSX\$, PACKT\$, NT: :, NFR.LS, NREC\$, NFP:	: ARRE, : STØ\$, NI J\$, NSTS	OUTCNT, ENDEUS, O2Us, NR915, Us, NIO15, MERUS,
EX42-00002*ODIN-PETE.OP	ı 825454 825511		57075 057110. LANK&COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES:	HERRO#		
EX42-00002*ODIM-PETE.TOT \$(1			57111 057124 CANK\$COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES:	MERKUS		
EX42-00002*ODIN-PETE.PAT \$(1			157125 057135 CLANK&COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES:	HERRS\$		
EX42-00002*001N-PETE.XF08E \$(1) 025640 025677		357136 057143 SLANK#COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES:	HERRISA		•
) 825788 826841		357144 857152 BLANK&COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCES:	MERRIS		
EX42-00002*TEKLIB.DRWAB3 \$(1 8(3) 026042 026102 N TKTRMX		857153 057156 20 AHR RODUMON

FOLLOWS SEGMENT MAIN	SEGMENT FOLLOWS		маін	025211	a25694	057073	062131
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EX42-00002#TPF#.BLDHLG

\$(1) 825211 825684 \$(0) 057073 062132 \$(8) GTMOPS \$(2) BLAHKSCOMMON \$ (5) UHITS #(4) SYSTER #(7) TREEU:

±(6) EXCIGI \$ (010) GTHBUF

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: INPUT: INTERO: GETLNG: LANG: BLDMNU: BMAN1: SETIT, USEOPS, EXTERM, PLOT, NADU¢, NIO2\$, NSTOP\$, HERR2\$, MERR3\$

> SEGMENT CC# 025211 026752 . 057073 062424 FOLLOWS SEGMENT MAIN

EX42-00002*TPF\$.GTMINP

\$(0) 057073 062424 \$(1) 825211 826752 \$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM 3(4) GTHEUF \$(6) UNITS

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: IMPUT, INTERO, GETLIG, LANG, SETIT, DMAN1, UNPKRG, INTECD, POINTR, SETVAL, TREEVH, TREECM, TREESC, BLDMNU, MADUS, MIGRS, METOPS, MERRES, MIGIS, MRBUS, MRDUS, MERRES

> SEGMENT DD# 025211 026305 057073 062135 FOLLOWS SEGMENT MAIN

EX42-00002*TPF#.BLDAPT

\$(1) 325211 325315 \$(0) 057073 057106 \$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON #(5) SYSTEM 3(4) GTMBUF \$(6) UNITS

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: TITST, DMAN1, ZERO, NERRS:

EN42-00002*TPF\$.SEGEDT

\$(1) 025316 026305 \$(0) 057107 062135 \$(B) TREEU # (2) BLANK*COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM #(4) GTMBUF ÷(5) ROTCON \$ (7) UNITS

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: ZERO, IMPUT, IMTERO, GETLNG, LANG, BLDMNU, BLDFPT, INTGR, BLDSTR, BLDSTP, BLDEQR, BLDAPT, BLDPPT, BLDPPT, BLDIPT, SETIT, BLDCSG, SCMURT, SEGDIS, BLDLSG, BLDEXT, DMAN1, SETVAL, CUTSEG, BLDACU, BLDACC, BLDACS, BLDCSC, NWDU\$, NIO2\$, NGTOPS, MERRES, ATAME, NERROS

> SEGMENT FF# -025211 026554 - 057073 065216 FOLLOWS SEGMENT MAIN

ERA2-00008ETPF\$,LAMGST BLARBBORNE EXTERNAL REFERENCES: RANDAC, PACKNG, UNPKRG, MERRS: FX42-00002*TPF\$.lgPREP \$(0) 057147 0572**1**4 (1) 025-25 02542 ALEX BLAMKSCOMMON EXTERMAL PEFERENCES: RANDAC, MMOUS, NIOZS, NERROS EX42-00002#TPF\$.INTTAL \$(0) 057215 065216 \$(1) 023613 026354 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(B) TREEV # (4) GTMBUF \$(5) SYSTEM \$(6) UHITS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: DMANI, LGPREP, LANGST, IMPUT, INTERO, LANG, SETIT, PACKAG, INTGR, MADUS, NIO25, NRDUS, NIO15, NIO35, NERROS, NERR3# 957973 062173 SEGMENT GGM · 025211 026063 FOLLOWS SEGMENT MAIN SYS\$#RLIB\$.TANCOTAN\$/FOR59 \$(1) 025211 025406 \$(2) 037073 057113 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: HERRBS, MERRAS, NERRCS SYS\$*RLIB\$.MEXP6\$/FOR68 \$(2) 037114 0571**6**5 \$(1) 325407 025603 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MERRAS, NERRBS, MERRCS FX42-00002*TPF\$.CALCUL \$(0) 057166 062173 ±(1) 025604 026063 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(3) TREEV \$(4) GTMBUF \$(5) SYSTEM \$(6) · UNITS ENTERNAL REFERENCES: IMPUT, INTERO, GETLNG, LANG, BLDMMU, MADUS, MIO2\$, MSTOP\$, MERRES, XPRR, SIM, COS, TAM, MERRSS 265217 8668**8**6 231673 235422 SEGMENT COCK FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA (LONGEST IBANK)

SEGMENT FF (LONGEST DEAMK)

SEGMENT BB SEGMENT CC SEGMENT DD

SEGNEHT GG

3,73,54RLIB\$.NEXP5\$/FOR68

\$(1) 831673 831768 \$(2) 865217 865226 EXTERNAL REFERENCES: NERRAS: NERROS EM42-0000EMTPF\$.INPUT \$(i) 031761 032523 \$(0) 065227 065314 \$(3) GTMORS \$(2) BLAMK\$COMMON \$(4) SYSTEM EXTERMAL REFERENCES: DMANI, UMPKRG, PUSADW, SETIT, NWDUS, NICLS, MIGRA, MERRRA, MRDUA, MSTOPA, MERRSA EX42-00002*TPF\$.STRING \$(1) 032524 032742 -\$(0) 065315 06535A \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MERROS EX42-00002*TPF*.RANDAC \$(1) 032743 033605 \$(0) 065351 065514 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON EXTERMAL REFERENCES: KEYF, MERRES, MUDUS, MIDES, MIDIS, MERROS EX42-00002*TPF\$.KEYF \$(1) 003606 033623 \$(0) 065515 065522 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MERROS EX42-00002*TFF\$.INTERS \$(1) 033624 033674 \$(0) 065523 065537 \$(2) BLANKSCOMMON EXTERMAL REFERENCES: PACKMG, MERROS EX42-00002*TPF\$.INTFR9 \$(1) 833675 833732· \$(0) 065540 065546 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MERROS EM42-00002*TPF*.LANG \$(i) @33733 @34177 \$(8) 065547 865663 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: RANDAC, PACKIG, MERROS EX42-00002*TPF\$.GETLNG \$(1) 034200 034322 \$(0) 065664 065712 \$(3) UNITS \$(2) BLAHK\$COMMON \$(4) SYSTEM EXTERNAL REFERENCES: DMANI, MADUS, NIOIS, NIOSS, MERROS EX42-00002#TPF4.INTERO \$(1) 834323 835498 \$(0) 065713 066006 \$(2) BLANKSCOMMON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: STRING, INTERS, INTERS, MARI, MERROS.

EX42-00002*TPF\$.PLOTS

\$(1) 026464 026707 \$(0) 062174 062217 \$(3) TEKCOM \$(2) 3LANK\$COMMON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: INITT, DMPBUF, BELL, ERASE, DRAWA, MOVEA, FINITT, NWDUS, MIO2\$, MRDUS, MERRS\$

EX42-00002*TPF\$.SEGDIS

\$(1) 826718 827688 \$(0) 862228 862318

\$(3) GTMOPS \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON

\$(S) GTMBUF \$(4) TREEV \$(6) SYSTEM \$(7) UHITS

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: PLOTS, SETIT, DMANI, SETVAL, LOCPTR, ERASE, UMINDO: SCRENE: PLOT: DMPBUF: ZERO: MNDUB: MI015: MI025: MERRS:

> SEGMENT DDB# - 031673 031776 - 063034 063053 FOLLOWS SEGMENT JD SEGMENT AA (LONGEST IBANK) (LONGEST DBANK):

ER42-000024TPF\$.BLDMHU

\$(3) · TREEV \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON

 $\div \div (4)$ \$(5) SYSTEM -- (<u>6</u>1 UHITS

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: SETIT, DMANT, MADUS, NIOLS, NIOLS, MERROS

026306 026466 SECMENT DOC* 062136 962213

FOLLOWS SEGMENT ID

EX42-00002*TPF\$.BLDFPT \$(1) 826386 826466 -\$(0) 062136 062213 \$(8) TREEU \$(2) BLAMK\$COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GTMBUF \$(6) UHITS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: TITST, LOCPTR, MADUS, MIDES, MIDES, MERROS SEGMENT DDDW 031673 031771 063034 063045 FOLLOWS SEGMENT DD - SEGMENT AA (LONGEST IBANK) (LONGEST DBANK) EX42-00002%TPF\$.BLDSTR \$(1) 031673 031771 \$(B) 863834 863845 \$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLANK&COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GTMBUF \$(6) UHITS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: ZERO, SETIT, MERROS SEGMENT DDZ* 031673 031771 063034 063045 FOLLOWS SEGMENT ID SEGMENT AA (LONGEST IBANK) (LONGEST DBANK) EX42-00002*TPF\$.BLDGTP \$(1) 931673 931771 **\$(0) 063034 063045** #(S) TREEU \$(2) BLANKSCOMMON \$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GTHEUF \$(6) UNITS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: ZERO, SETIT, NERROS SEGMENT DIEM 026306 027507 *06*2136 *06*2356 FOLLOWS SEGMENT DD EX42-00002*TPF*.BLDEQR \$(1) 026306 026527 \$(0) 062136 062171 \$(3) TREEY \$ (2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GTMBUF *(6) UHITS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETIT, LOCATR, SEGNAM, EGARC, TISWAR, ZERO, MUDOS, MIOIS, MIORS, MERROS EZ42-00002%TPF\$.EQARC EXTERNAL REFERENCES: DMANI, SORT, HADUS, MIDIS, MIDES, MERRAS

E. . . E-000002*TPF\$. SECHAM EXTERMAL REFERENCES: DMAMI, HADUS, HIQES, HERRSS EX42-00002*TRF\$.TISWAP \$(0) \ \abora 62324 \ \text{062356} # (2) BLAHK SCOHON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: DIANI, HERES\$ <u> 926396 926568 062136 862233</u> SECRET DOF# FOLLOWS SEGMENT DD EX42-00002*TPF\$.BLDRPT \$(1) 026306 026445 - 5(a) 062136 062162 \$(2) BLANK&COMMON \$(3) TREEV \$(4) GIMBUF \$(S) SYSTEM \$(6) UHITS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: TITST, LOCPTR, RPCPT, ZERO, NWDUS, NIO25, NERRO\$ EX42-BOOMERTPER. RPCPT \$(0) 062163 062233 \$(1) 226446 226562 \$(3) SYSTEM \$(2) BLANKSCOMMON EKTERMAL REFERENCES: DMANI, MUDUS, MIDIS, MIDES, MERRSS SCONENT DOG* a26306 a26563 862136 962177 FOLLOWS SEGMENT DD EX42-00002*TPF\$.BLDDAT \$(1) 226386 22**6**563 \$(3) TREE! \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON 3141 GTHBUF 3(5) SYSTEM 3(6) UHITS ENTERNAL REFERENCÉS: TITST, SETIT, LOCPTR, DMANI, ZERO, NUDUS, MIOSS, MERROS SEGMENT DOH* 926396 926336 962136 962171 FOLLOWS SEGMENT DD FK42-00002*TPF\$.BLDIPT 4(1) 026306 026356 ±(0) 062136 062171 \$(2) 3LAMK\$COMMON . \$(4) GTMBUF \$(3) TREEV \$(5) SYSTEM \$(6) HITS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: TITST, DMANI, ZERO, MADUS, MIOSS, MERRISS 031673 032242 063034 063103 SEGMENT DDIF

FOLLOWS SEGMENT OD SEGMENT AA (LOMGEST IBANK) (LOMGEST DBANK)

EX42-00002*TPT\$.BLDCSG

\$(1) 031673 032242 \$(0) 063034 063103 \$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLAMK*COMMON

\$(5) SYSTEM #(4) GTMBUF

> \$(6) UNITS

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETIT, DMANI, SETVAL, ZERO, POINTR, LOCPTR, NMDUS, MIOIS, NIO25, NERRS\$

SEGMENT DOYM

926396 926627 962136 962167

FOLLOWS SEGMENT DD

EX42-00002*TPF\$.scmuRT

\$(1) 026306 026627 \$(2) 062136 062167 \$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLAMK\$COMMON

\$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GTMBUF \$(7) ROTCON \$(6) UNITS

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: XFORM, SETIT, SETVAL, LOCATA, DMANI, MXV, ZERO, MERRES, MERROS

SEGMENT DOUM

031673 032027 063034 063072

FOLLOWS SEGMENT OD

SEGMENT AA (LONGEST IBANK) (LONGEST DRANK)

EX42-80002*TPF\$.BLDLSG

\$(1) 031673 032027 \$(0) 069034 063072 \$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLANK#COMMON

\$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GTMBUF \$(5) UNITS

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TITST, DMANI, MWDUS, MIDIS, NIDSS, HERRSE

SEGMENT DOKA

031673 032112

963834 863186

FOLLOWS SEGMENT OD

SEGMENT HA (LONGEST IBANK) (LONGEST DBANK)

EN42-00002*TPF\$.BLDEXT

#(1) 031673 032036 孝(②) 863834 863878 \$(3) TREEU # MOMMODENMENTS (S)

\$(5)SYSTEM \$(4) GTMBUF

\$(6) UMITS

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TITST, DMAN1, USEOPS, MREWS, NWDUS, MIO1s, MIO2s, MERROS

EM42-00002*TPF\$.USEOPS

\$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(3) GTMOPS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: PUSHDAY MERROX SECHENT DOLM FOLLOPS SEGMENT ID CRA2-29092*TPF\$.PIERCE \$(0) 062136 062177 \$(1) 828388 828643 star BLANKACOMMON EXTERMAL REFERENCES: HERRS# EM42-88882*TPF\$.CUTSEG \$(1) 026644 027347 \$(0) 062200 062**2**50 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(3) TREEU \$(4) GTMBUF \$(3) 878TEM \$(7) ROTCON \$(6) UNITS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: DIRCOS, SETIT, SETVAL, TITST, DMAN1, PIERCE, IDIREC, NWDUS, NIO15, NIO25, MERR35 EX42-00002*TPF\$.IDIREC \$(I) 827358 827417 = \$(0) | 062251 062263 5121 REARKSCOMMON EXTERMAL REFERENCES: NERROS EM42-00002#TPF\$.DIRCOS ±(1) 027420 027530 \$(0) 062264 062305 \$(2) BLAHK\$COMMOH EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SIM, COS, MERROS SEGMENT DDM# 031673 032002 . 063034 063064 FOLLOWS SEGMENT DD SEGMENT AA (LOMGEST IBANK) (LOMGEST DBANK) ENA2-00002*TPF\$.BLDACV. \$(1) 231673 232622 \$(0) 063034 063064 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(3) TREEU \$(4) GTMZUF \$(5) SYSTEM : \$(6) UMITS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TREEVH, DMAN1, ZERO, SETVAL, MUDUS, MIDIS, MIDES, MERROS 031673 032002 - 063034 063064 SEGMENT DINE FOLLOWS SEGMENT DD SEGMENT AA (LONGEST IBANK) (LONGEST DBANK) 7142-00002*TPF\$.BLDACC

> ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY

\$(6) UNITS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TREECH, DMANI, ZERO, GETVAL, NADOS, MIDIS: MIDES: MERRSS SEGMENT DDO# 031673 032006 - 263034 263263 FOLLOWS SEGMENT DD SEGMENT AA (LONGEST IBANK) (LONGEST DBANK) FX42-AAAAAPWTPF5.BLDACR \$(0) 063034 0630**6**3 \$(1) 831673 832886 \$(3) TREEV \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GTMBUF #(6) UNITS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TREESC, DMANI, SETUAL, MUDUS, NIGIS, MIOSS, MERRSS SEGMENT DOPE 031673 032256 863834 863182 FOLLOWS SEGMENT DD SEGMENT AA (LONGEST IBANK) (LONGEST DEANK) EX42-000022FTFF\$.BLDCSC \$(1) 031673 032256 \$(0) 063634 063102 \$(G) TREEV \$(2) PLANK\$COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM #(4) GTMBUF \$(6) UNITS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TREESC, DMANI, SETVAL, ZERO, POINTR, LOCPTR, NUDUS, NIDIS, NIDES, MERRES SEGMENT AAAM 031673 032363 063034 063102 FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA EX42-00002*TPF\$, COMBOT \$(1) 031673 032363 \$(0) 063034 063102 \$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GTMBUF \$(7) ROTCOM \$(6) UNITS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETVAL, XFORM, LSTDAT, MXU, DMAM1, ZERO, HERRET: NERROT SEGMENT AARS 031673 032025 863834 863183 FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA EM42-000002*TPF\$.ISRTUH \$(1) 031673 032025 \$(0) 063034 063<u>1</u>03 \$(2) BLANKSCOMMON \$(4) GIMBHE \$(8) TREEU 2431 STATEM

\$(3) TREEV

\$(5) SYSTEM

\$(2) BLANK\$COMMON

\$(4) GTMBUF

\$(a) UHITS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETUAL, ZERO, SETIT, DMANI, TREEVA, NADUS. Alogs, Alols, AERRS; SECHELL MICH 063034 063115 · 031673 032100 FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA EN42-00002FTPF\$.BLULSC \$(9) 063034 063115 \$(1) 831673 832188 \$(2) BLANKSCOMMON \$(4) GTMBUF \$(3) TREEV \$(5) SYSTEM ⊉(G) UHITS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TREESC, DMAN1, SETVAL, MWDU\$, NIO1\$, MIOZ\$, MERRS\$ SEGMENT AADM 031673 031755 063034 063047 FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA EX42-00002*TPF\$.BCOMLS \$(1) 031673 031722 \$(0) 063034 063041 \$(a) BLANK\$COMMON \$(S) TREEU \$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GTMBUF \$165 JHTT3 ENTERMAL REFERENCES: ZERO, SETIT, SETVAL, NERRS\$ EX42-00002#TPF\$.BLDVEH -\$(8) 863842 863847 \$(1) 031723 031755 \$(2) BLANK #COMMON #(3) TREEV GTMBUF \$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) ‡(5) UNITS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETIT, POINTR, TREEVH, WERRS\$ 031673 031750 063034 063043 SEGMENT AREX FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA EX42-00002%TPF\$.BLDCOM \$(1) 031673 031750 \$(0) 063034 063043 \$(2) BLAMK\$COMMON \$(3) TREEV #(4) CTMBUF \$(5) SYSTEM (E) (E) UHITS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: SETIT, POINTR, TREECM, ZERO, SETUAL, MERRS\$ SECRET AAF® 031673 032072 063034 063104 FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA FX42-00002*TPF\$.ADDSEG

¥(1) 031673 031742

\$(0) 063034 063042

\$(5) STSTEM \$(4) GTMBUF \$(6) UNITS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TITST, TREESE, NERRS: EX42-00002*TPF\$.ADDSEC #(1) 031743 032072 \$(0) 063043 063104 \$(3) TREEU \$(8) BLANK*COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM 4(4) GTMBUF \$(6) UHITS EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TREESC, DMAN1, SETUAL, MNDUS, NIO1:, MIGRA, MERRSA SECRET AAG* 031673 032173 063034 063140 FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA EX42-00002*TPF#.ADDCOM \$(1) 031678 038028 #(0) 063034 063076 \$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GIMBUF \$(6) UNITS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TREECH, DMAN1, SETVAL, NADUS, NIO15, MIO2#, MERRS# EX42-00002*TFF\$.ADD/EH \$(1) 032023 032173 \$(0) 063077 063140 \$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM #(4) GTMBUF \$(6) UNITS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TREEVA, DMAMI, SETVAL, TREECH, MADUS, MID1\$, NID2\$, MERRS\$ SEGMENT AAH* 081673 032041 063034 063105 ... FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA EW42-00002*TPF4.ISRTSC \$(1) 031673 032041 \$(0) 063034 063105 \$(S) TREEU #(2) BLAMK#COMMON \$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GIMBUF # (6) UNITS EXTERMAL REFERENCES: SETUAL, ZERO, SETIT, BYANI, TREESC, MADUS, NIOSS, NIOIS, NERROSS SECMENT ARIX 031673 032041 - 063034 063106 FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA EJA2-0000EMTPF\$.ISRTOM \$(1) 031673 032041 \$(0) 063034 063106

#(8) TREEU

ACED BLANKSCOMMON

·	3(3) TREEV 3(5) SYSTE	H		SLANKSCOMMON GTMBUF HRITO
6.3TERMAL REFERENCI NIO2%, NIOI%, MERI	ES: SETUAL: RS#			
SECULIONS SEC		031673 03203	} i	063034 063070
EZ42-0000C*TPF\$.DELSEC	\$(1) 03167 \$(3) TREEU \$(5) SYSTE	l •	‡(2) \$(4)	063034 063070 BLANK\$COMMON GTMBUF UNITS
EXTERNAL REFERENCI NIOI: NIOE: NER	ES: "SETIT, RS\$	DMAN1, TREESO), SET	JAL, ZERO, NWDU\$,
SEGHENT ARI FOLLONS SE		831673 03203	31	063034 063071
2X42-00002*TPF\$.DELCOM	\$(3) TREEL \$(5) SYSTE	I IM	\$(2) \$(4) \$(5)	CHITS
EKTERMAL REFERENC MIQIS, MIQES, MER		DMAN1, TREEC	h SET	JAL, ZERO, MADU:
SEGMENT AA FOLLOWS SE	• •	031673 0320	97	063034 063070
EX42-00002*TFF\$.DELVEH	\$(1) 20167 4(3) TREEL \$(5) \$75TE	i In	\$(4) \$(6)	BLAHK\$COMMON GTMBUF UNITS
EXTERNAL REFERENC MIDI\$, NIO2\$, HER		TREEVH: DMAN	1, SET	UAL, ZERO, HWDU\$,
SEGMENT AA FOLLOWS SE		031673 0320	76	063034 063110 .
EX42-00002*TRF\$.LISTON	\$(1) 03167 \$(3) TREE \$(3) SYSTE			

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETUAL, SETIT, TREECH, BRANI, NUBUS, NICLS, HIO2*, HERRS\$

> SEGMENT AROX FOLLOWS SECMENT AA

031673 032137 - 063334 063112

EX42-000024TPF\$.LISTUH

#(I) 031678 032137 - \$(0) - 063034 063112 \$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLANK\$COMON

\$(5) SYSTEM

\$(4) GTMBUF #(6) UNITS

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: SETUAL, SETIT, TREEUH, DMAMI, ZERO, NUDUS, MID1#, MID2#, MERRG#

SECHENT AND

031673 032030

063034 063104

FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA

EX42-00002*TPF\$.COPYCM

\$(1) 231673 232232 ***(8) 063934 863194** #(3) TREEV

\$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$ (5) SYSTEM #(4) GTMBUF

\$(6) UHITS

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TREECH: DMANI: ZERO: COPLET, NUDUS: NIO23, NIO13, NERRS\$

SEGMENT AAX*

031673 032016 - 063034 063073

FOLLOWS SEGMENT AR

EM42-00002MTPF\$, COPYUH

#(1) 031673 032016 -\$(0) 063034 063673. \$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON

\$(5) SYSTEM \$(4) GTHBUF

\$(6) UHITS

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TREEVH, DMANI, ZERO, COPLST, HUDGE, MIO14, MIO24, MERR34

SECHERT ARYX

FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA

EX42-00002%TPF#.BL003G

\$(1) 031673 031762 \$(0) 063034 063062

\$(3) TREEU \$(2) BLANK\$CONNON

\$(4) GTPEUF \$(5) SYSTEM #(6)UNITS

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETIT, DMAN1, ZERO, SETVAL, NADUS, MIDIS,

MIDES: MERRS:

EX42-00002*TPF\$.BLOCSC	\$(1) 031573 032020 \$(3) TREEV \$(5) SYSTEM	\$(2) \$(4) \$(5)	CTHEUT CTHEUT BLANKSCOMMUN
EKTERMAL REFEREMO MIOI\$, NIO2\$, MER	ES: SETIT, TREESC, DAAR R3\$	ila zine	O: SEIVHE: MHDURT
SECMENT AE FOLLOWS SE	:A*	192	<u>063</u> 034 <u>063</u> 064
EX42-00002*TPF\$.BLOCCM	\$(3) SYSTEM	\$(2) \$(4) \$(6)	BLANKSCOMMOM GTMBUF UNITS
EXTERMAL REFERENC MIO13, MIO23, MEA	ES: SETIT, TREECH, DMAK R3\$	11, ZER	o, SETVAL, NWDU\$,
SEGMENT AS FOLLOWS SE	38* 831673 8326 GNENT AA	162 -	063034 0630 6 4
EX42-08002#TPF\$.BLOCVH	\$(1) 031678 032002 \$(3) TREEV \$(5) 8Y8TEM	\$(2)	063034 063064 BLANK\$COMMON GTMBUF UNITS
EXTERNAL REFERENC MIOLS, NIOSS, MER	CES: ŞETIT, TREEVH, DMAK RRS\$		
SEGMENT AU FOLLOWS SI	8C* 031673 031 EGMENT AA	777	863834 863868
EX42-00002*TPF\$.BLDSEC	\$(1) 031673 031777 \$(3) TREEV \$(3) SYSTEM CES: SETIT, SETVAL, POI	#(2) #(4) #(6)	063034 063060 BLANKSCOMMON GTMBUF UNITS WALL TREESC: NUMBE
M1024, MERRS4	gelande et en dam 1 de 1 de en de en 1 de 1 de 1 de 1 de	e a transcription and affects	The second secon

031673 031760

SEGMENT ARZ# JOLLOWS DEGMENT AR

SEGMENT ABD* FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA 931673 832828 - 863834 86**38**54

063034 063063

FX42-00002*TFF\$.LISTAV

\$(1) 031673 031760

-\$(0) 063034 063063 \$ (2) SLAMK \$ COMMON

\$(S) TREEV \$(5) SYSTEM

\$(4) GTMEUF

S(S) UNITS

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: DMANT: NUDUS: NIO25, NIO15, MERROS

SECHENT ABEA

031673 034104 063034 063232

FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA

SYS\$*RLIB\$.MBKSP\$/FOR68

arin 031673 032370 - \$(2) 063034 063061 EXTERMAL REFERENCES: NTABS, MAPPAS, NSIIS, IOCODS, MFCHKS, WAITS, UPDDAS, MBFMGS, NIGERS, RS, IOWS, MBS, DRAINS, MBFRLS, MBFRSS, CFE, STREGS, PRINTS, BSIBLS, MFS, MRBFAS, RDBLKS, NWALKS

SYS\$*RLIB\$.NFOUT\$/FOR69

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MTABS, MHPFAS, MRSXS, IOCODS, MFCHKS, MERUS, MIOERSA, MIOIUS, MIOSUS, MIOSUS, DRAINS, MBS, MFS, IOWS, UPDDAS, MBFGTS, WAITS, MIDERS, BSIBLS, MSWTCS, MBFMGS, MBFRSS, MIDIBS, STREGS, UNITS, MSTATS, MERCTS, MC1ULO, MDTS, MDFFDLS, MBFRLS, CFE, MIOSS, MORNAS, MADLS, MIOSS

FX42-00002*TPF\$.CQFYTH

\$(0) 063104 063157 \$(1) 033010 033173 \$(2) BLANKSCOMMON

\$(3) TREEV

\$(4) GTMBUF \$(5) SYSTEM

\$(6) UNITS

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETIT, TREEVH, DMANI, SETVAL, CORYS, NADUS, MIGIS, MIGES, MERROS

EX42-00002*TPF\$.COPY3

-\$(0) - 063160-063232 \$(1) 233174 234124

\$(2) BLANK\$COMON

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: LSTDAT, MERROS, MWBUS, MI015, MI025, MWDUS, .MBSP\$, MRBU\$, MRDU\$, MERRS\$

SEGMENT BBAS

025605 026312 062133 062316

FOLLOWS SEGMENT BB

SYS\$#RLIB\$.NERTRAN\$/FOR68

\$(1) 025605 025763 \$(2) 062133 062244 EXTERNAL MEFERENCES: ABORTS, ERRS, EXITS, CSFS, SETCS, COMDS, DATES, NERRE, STREGS, FIELDS, PRINTS

EN42-00002*TPF\$.EXTERN

\$(1) 825764 826312 \$(8) 862245 862316

\$(3) SYSTEM

\$ (a) BLANK \$ COMMON

S(4) CTHOPS

awinen me werenembes: Pubadni bhani, barneg, entran, huput, hibit; Moesa Meroesa memesa

SECMENT COR*

826753 827856 862425 862450

FOLLORS SECMENT CC

FREE-MAARPATERS, CATBOO

\$(1) 026753 027056

\$(0) 062425 062450

\$(2) BLANK\$COMMON

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: PACKIG, MERROS

SEGMENT ZZZ*

-035624 036051 - 063763 064022

FOLLOWS SEGMENT DDY

SEGNENT AAA

SEGMENT BBBC (LONGEST IBANK) (LONGEST DBANK)

SEGMENT BBBD

EX42-88882*TPF\$.XFCRM

\$(1) 035624 035760 ·

\$(0) 063763 064002

\$(2) BLANK#COMMON

ENTERMAL REFERENCES: SIM, COS, NERROS

EN42-00002*TPF\$.MXV

\$(1) 035761 036051 + \$(0) 064003 064022

\$(2) BLANKSCOMMON

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: MERROS

SECHENT ZZ4#

032257 034523

963183 263413

FOLLOWS SECHENT AR

SEGMENT DOO

SEGMENT DDP (LONGEST IBANK)(LONGEST DBANK)

SEGMENT CC SEGMENT DOM SEGMENT DON

EX42-00002*TFF\$.TREESC

\$(1) 032257 032**6**54

\$(0) 063103 063154

\$(S) SYSTEM

+\$(2) BLANK\$COMMON

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETVAL, DISERC, ZERO, NWDUS, MIO25, MERRSS

EX42-30002*TPF\$.DISERC

\$(1) 032655 033525 .\$(0) 063155 063271

\$(3) SYSTEM \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: DMART, MADUS, MIOIS, MIOZS, MERROS

MX42-888882*TPF\$.TREEUH

ORIGINAL PAGE 18 OF POOR QUALITY

EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETUAL, DISERC, ZERO, MERROS EX42-800024TPF\$, TREECH \$(1) 034072 034523 \$(3) 063337 053413 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON #(3) SYSTEM EXTERNAL REFERENCES: SETUAL, DISERC, ZERO, HWDUS, MICES, MERRSS 885481 885652 - 866887 - 866847 SEGMENT ZZ8* FOLLOWS SEGMENT DDK SEGMENT CCC (LONGEST IBANK) (LONGEST DBANK) FX42-00002*TPF\$.PUSHDW \$(0) 066007 066047 #(I) 835481 835652 \$(3) GTMOPS \$(2) BLAMK\$COMMON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: DMANI: MERROS 031673 032445 063034 063434 SEGHENT BBB# FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA FX42-00002*TPF\$.NFRAME \$(1) 031673 031702 -\$(0) 063034 063037 \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON EXTERNAL REFERENCES: MERROS EX42-00002*TPF\$. MMORM1 \$(1) 031703 031776 \$(0) 063040 063061 \$(3) PLIPRM \$(2) BLANKSCOMMON EKTERNAL REFERENCES: CROSS, MXV, MERRS: EM42-00002*TPF\$.IMITEK \$(1) 031777 032030 \$(0) 063062 063105 \$(2) BLAMK\$COMMON EXTERMAL REFERENCES: INITT, DMPBUF, NUDU:, NIOS:, NRDU:, NERRS: EX42-00002*TPF\$.DISPLY \$(1) 832831 832445 \$(0) 063106 063434 \$(3) GTMOPS \$(2) BLANK\$COMMON \$(4) TREEU \$(5) SYSTEM #(7) ROTCON \$(6) UNITS \$ (010) PLTPRM \$ (811) WINDO \$ (012) GTMBUF EXTERNAL REFERENCES: INITEK, XFORM, ERASE, DARBUF, ZODASC, DISCF). SETUAL, GETRAN, GIMPLI, MADRMI, MAU, AFILI, MERAME, CALPLI, HERRSE SEGMENT BEBAN 031673 031737 063034 063044

FOLLOWS SEGMENT AA

EX42-00002#T2F\$.PLIHIT					
		013116718 PLITERIA	081797	#121	
EXTERNAL REFERENCE	IS: H	ERRET.		\$ (4)	ыныо
SECHEMT 383 FOLLOWS SEC			032445	835623	063435 063762
EX42-00002*TFF\$.Z00M8C	$ \mp (\Xi) $	PLTERN	032501	; \$(0) \$(2)	063435 063445 BLANK\$COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCE	ES: H	ERRG\$			
EX42-00002*TPF\$.GETPAN				#(2)	063446 063473 BLANK\$COMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCE	IS: P	TPAIR:	SETUAL,	MERRO#	
EX42-00002*TPF\$.PTPAIR	\$(1)	832728	833602		063476 063 52 0
EXTERNAL REFERENCE	IS: L	STDAT:	BETUAL:		BLAMK#COMMON MERRO#
EX42-00002*TPF\$.XNORM	\$(1) [°]	833683	033773	\$ (0) \$ (2)	063521 063337 3LANK\$COMHON
EXTERNAL REFERENCE	:8: B	gat, si	N: COS:		金红山 (11) [15、秦空山湖(11) [11] [1
EX42-00002*TPF\$.GTMPLT EXTERNAL REFERENCE	\$(3)			\$(2) \$(2) MERR3\$	
ZX42-00002*TPF\$.AFILT	\$(1)	834213	234552		863628 863655 3LANKSCOMMON
EXTERNAL REFERENCE	88: H	nnes:		**	articular de de la companya de de de la companya de
		234553 WIHDO	035231		063656 063711 3LAMK\$COMMON + SYSTEM
EXTERNAL REFERENCE	18# C	ili_fiLT =	LGCOD,	MERROS	out their that t
EX42-00002*TPF\$,IGOOD	\$(<u></u> 1)	 035232	-835442	\$ (a)	063712 063726
		MINDO		\$(2)	

EXTERMAL REFERENCES: MERROS

English Halling Color Index And Day	hadaalatin hillandaalatina			
EX42-00002*TFF\$.CALPLT	\$(1) 8354:	13 0356 <u>23</u>	\$(0)	063727 063762
	\$(3) PLTP: \$(5) UNIT:	सेव	*(2) *(4)	
EXTERMAL REFERENC NUDUS, NIGES, MER	ES; PACKAG			VASS, BELL, DRWABS,
SEGMENT BB FOLLOWS SE		032446 034	214	063435 063615
EX42-00002*TPF\$.MAXMIN	till 2004.	46 032601	6: f (%)	063435 06347 0
EXTERNAL REFERENC			\$(E)	
EX42-00002*TPF\$.LSTDA1				
		02 033264	\$(2)	3LANK#COMION
EXTERMAL REFERENC	EB: SETVAL:	o DMANI, ZER	O, NERR	2\$: NERRO\$
EK42-00002*TPF\$.DISCF	arin agga	55 003521	arai	063514 063550
·	\$(3) ROTO		キ(名) キ(名) キ(4)	
: ENTERNAL REFERENC	ES: MAKUAL:	MSJ. NERES		i L., ; i [5,1]
EZ42-00002*TPF\$.MAXWAL	•			
	\$(1) 03856 •\$(3) TREEN	22 834214 '	\$(0) \$(2)	063551 063613 BLANK#COMMON
	\$(5) UNITE	G .	\$(4)	SYSTEM
	\$(7) PLTPR	सैर्व	#(5) #(818	ROTCOM JGTABUF
ENTERHAL REFERENC NERROS	ES: DMAN1,	SETUAL, LST		XMIN, MERROS,
IBANK DRAWN TO SCALE:	300 WORDS	DECIMAL PER	DASH	
MAIM (10377)				
	,	HPM (2354)		
			¥ (37)	

DD# (573)

TAK# (184)

324 (252) Capal Legisland FF# (748) 002 (427) 1362) #353; 7234 (170) 100% (76) DDF* (244) DDM# (72) (22) #HCC ZZ4* (1189) JDY# (218) AAA* (313) ABB# (368) BBBC% (1646) 33310 (371) CEEL) REIN CCAP (68) 38A* (326) HOEF (1162) A3D% (54) ABC# (69) A33% (72) ASA* (72)

AAZ# (86)

```
ARY# (56)
    AAK# (34)
    HAME (94)
    AAO# (165)
    AAN# (132)
    AAM* (93)
    AAL* (95)
    AAJ¤ (95)
    AAI# (188)
    AAA# (183)
    AAG* (193)
     AAF# (128)
     AAE# (46)
     AAD* (51)
    AAC# (134)
     AA8* (91)
MDL* (659)
     DDJ# (93)
     DMT# (232)
DDH# (169)
DDG# (174)
JDF# (171)
DDE# (642)
     DDZ# (63)
   _ DDD# (68)
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ppc% (113)

```
mps* (58)
```

2248 (699)

DEANK DRAWN TO SCALE: 200 WORDS DECIMAL PER DASH

Malid (2142)

AMS (2017)

332A# (9)

DDM (1571)

20K% (43)

35* (1563)

CC# (1754)

FF% (3156)

GG% (1681)

000% (376)

ZZC# (33)

NDO* (24)

· DDP# (39)

30H# (23)

JOHN (25)

224% (201)

JUY# (26)

AAA¥ (39)

393% (257)

3330* (214)

33334 (113)

ZZZ# (32)

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CGAR (28)
BBA# (116)
  ABE# (127)
  nap# (24)
  ABC# (21)
  HBB# (25)
  HBA* (25)
  AAZ# (25)
  AAY* (23)
  AAXX (32)
  AAAA (41)
  AAO* (47)
  AAN# (45)
  AAM% (29)
  AAL® (38)
   AAJ# (23)
   AAI# (43)
   AAFE (42)
   AAG* (69)
   AAF# (41)
   AAE# (3)
   AAD# (12)
   AAC# (58)
   AAB# (40)
```

JOL# (104)

marina per distriction

70

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[][[] (時日)

30H# (23)

JDG* (34)

11JF.A (52)

1064 (445)

33Z% (18)

_ 100% (120)

DDC# (46)

DDB% (16)

DDA* (107)

REFERENCES

 Gentry, A.: Hypersonic Arbitrary Body Aerodynamic Program. Douglas Report. DAC56080. June 1967.

APPENDIX A -

FLOWCHARTS OF SELECTED SUBROUTINES

This appendix contains automatically generated flowcharts of selected subroutines from GTM. A computer program FLOGEN was used to generate the flowcharts. Additional flowcharts may be generated using the following procedure:

@RUN ----

@COPY,S GTM., TPF\$.

@MAP,N FM9*FLOWGEN.FLOWGM,TPF\$.

TQX9

INPUT

IREAD=1, ISPEC=2

\$END

The above procedure will produce microfilm output of all subroutines in the GTM.

```
DMAN (IPP, IT, MK, IDATA, IBUF, IV, IUNDAT)
          SUBROUTINE
                                  CALLING PARAMETERS)
                      C $NOTE(
                 DIMENSION IT(1). IDATA(1). IBUF(1)
                 DIMENSION [UNDAT(1)
                 DIMENSION IBF(7), LBF(7)
COMMON/MS/NT, KEYWRD, NREC, LENGTH, INCLEN
                 EQUIVALENCE (KW. IBF(3))
                 IOP=IPP
                 M=MK
                                      IUN **********0*0*0*0*0*0*0*
           TEMPORARY DEFINITON OF
        C
                                    IRTN=0
         IUN--DISC UNIT DEDICATED TO MS STORAGE
000000000
         IOP -- OPERATION CODE
             =5H(LEAR--THIS IS USED AFTER A FILE HAS BEEN COMPLETED USING CODES 20,21,30,31.
             =5HCLOSE--THIS IS USED TO CLOSE THE LIBRARY SO THAT IT
                         MAY BE PICKED UP BY A SUBSEQUENT JOB STEP
             =10HPURGE -- REMOVE THIS FILE FORM THE LIST OF RETRIEVABLE
                          DATA FILES
 C
              =+N --WRITE
 0000000
              =-N --READ
              =10HTAPEINPUT
              =10HTAPEOUTPUT
                        PERMANENT STORAGE OF MS DATA--SEE INSTRUCTIONS
                        BELOW
                WRITE CODES
                        DATA IS COMPLETE IN IDATA(MATRIX STORE)
                  N = 1.0
                        WRITE A PARTIAL FILE -- FIXED LENGTH RECORDS
                 N = 20
                        WRITE A PARTIAL FILE--VARIABLE LENGTH RECORDS
00000000
                 N=21
                        EXTEND A FILE--FIXED LENGTH RECORDS
                 N = 30
                        EXTEND A FILE--VARIABLE LENGTH RECORDS
                 N = 31
        N--THE NUMBER OF WORDS IN THE DATA TITLE
        IT--AN ARRAY CONTAINING THE TITLE--IT MUST BE DIMENSIONED N+1
        M--THE NUMBER OF WORDS IN THE DATA RECORD STORED IN IDATA IDATA--AN ARRAY CONTAINING THE DATA RECORD
                                                                    DMAN
```

CONT.

ON PG

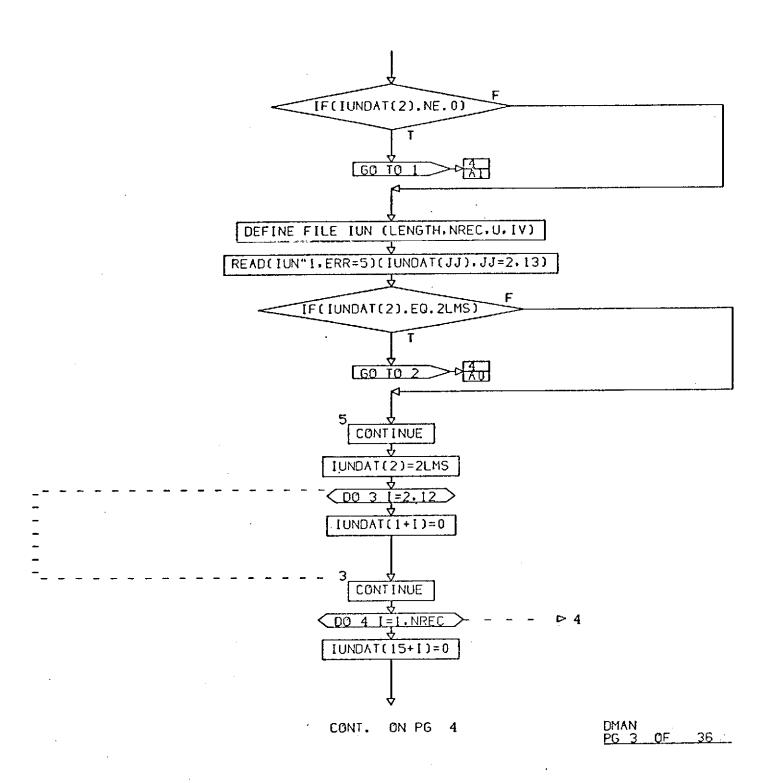
2

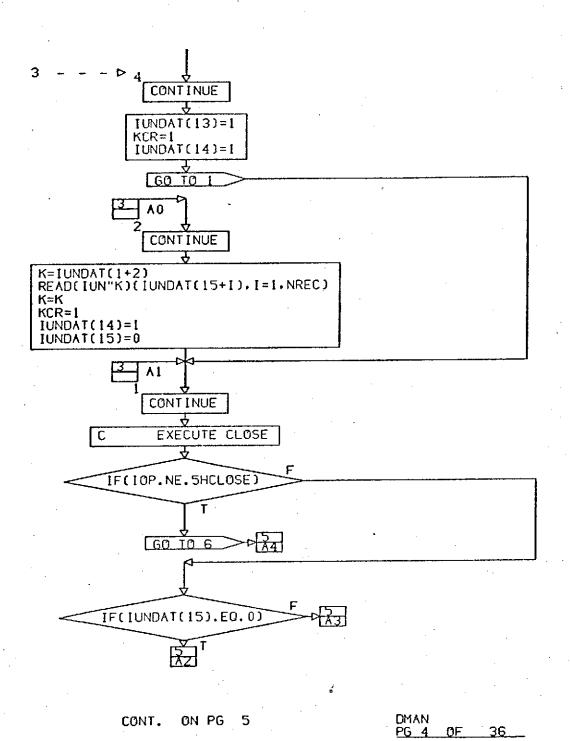
OF

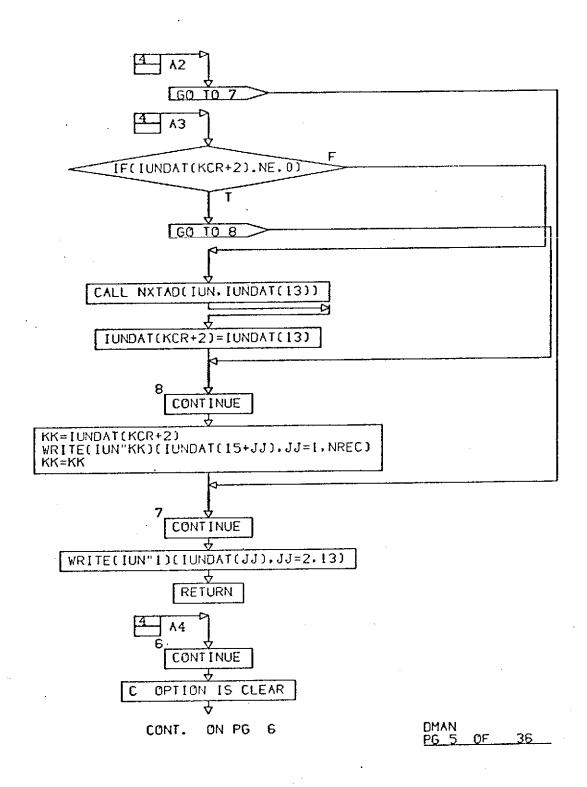
PG 1

36

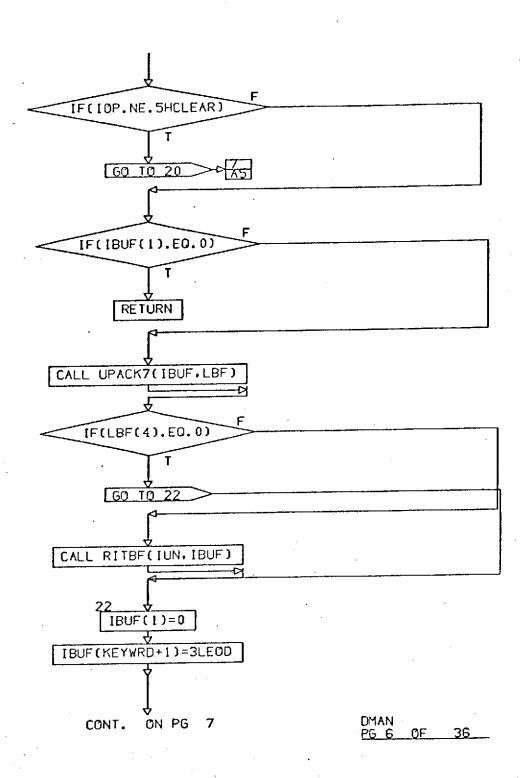
```
IBUF -- THE BUFFER TO USE FOR THIS FILE
00000000
       NBUF -- THE LENGTH OF THE BUFFER
             - - PERMANENT STORAGE OF MS DATA
          N=TAPE UNIT ON WHICK TO WRITE TAPE
         IT= A WORKING ARRAY LARGE ENOUGH FOR THE LONGEST TITLE
               IN THE STORED MS DATA
        IDATA = A WORKING ARRAY LARGE ENOUGH TO ACCOMODATE THE LARGEST
               BUFFER USED TO WRITE THE MS TAPE.
                    NOTE -- CLOSE MUST BE EXECUTED PRIOR TO WRITING A
  C
                           TAPE
                                  IFLG=0
                OPERATION -- OPEN MS AND ESTABLISH INDEXES
        FIRST
       THIS SECTION IS TEMPORARY AND WILL BE MOVED TO A NEW PLACE IN
       THE GAC
   IUNDAT(I)=IUN-----UNIT NUMBER
   IUNDAT(2)
     TØ
   [UNDAT(12]----KDX ARRAY
   YOM=(E1)TAGNUI
                       [UNDAT(14)=KCR
                       [UNDAT(15)=KFLG
                       [UNDAT(16)
                         TO
                       IUNDAT(NREC+15)----INDX ARRAY
NOTE-- INITIALIZE IUNDAT TO 0
                               NT TO 3
                               KEYWRD TO 2
                                 NREC TO 256
                      000
                                 LENGTH TO +
INCLEN TO 50
                                               (200)
                              INEW=0
                              (1) TAGNUI=NUI
                             KCR=IUNDAT(14)
                                                                 DMAN
                                     ON PG
                                             3
                             CONT.
                                                                       OF
                                                                 PG 2
```

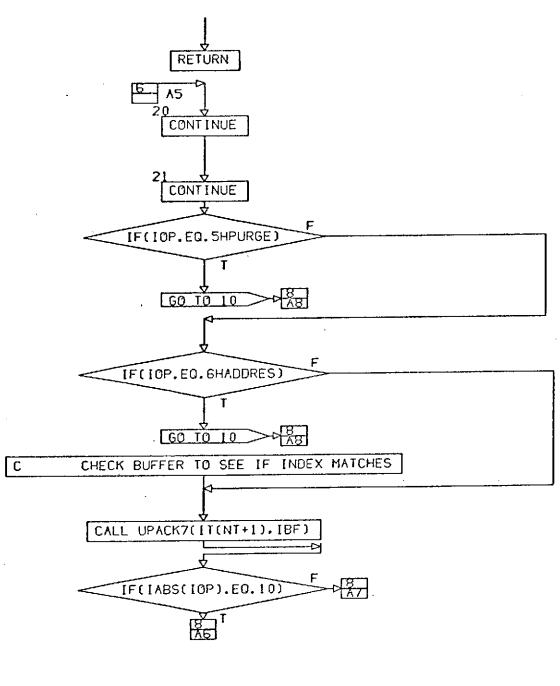




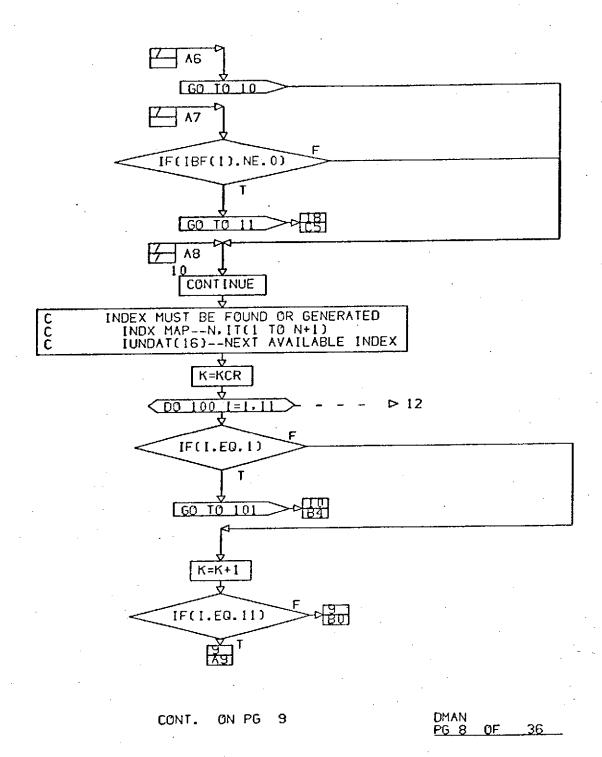


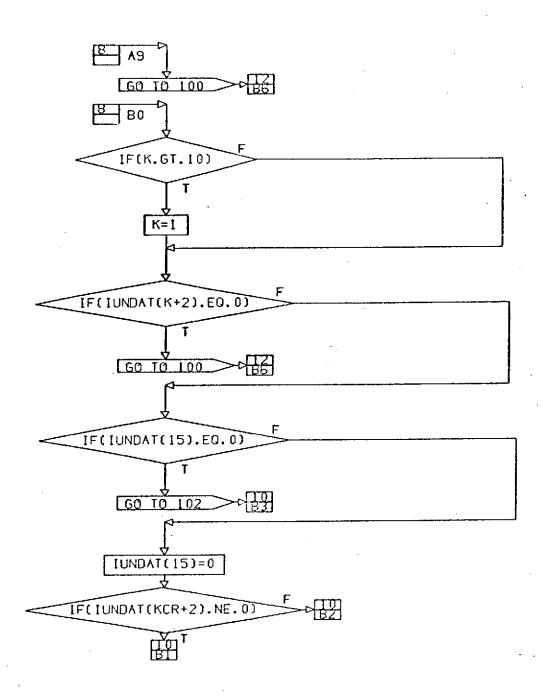
ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY



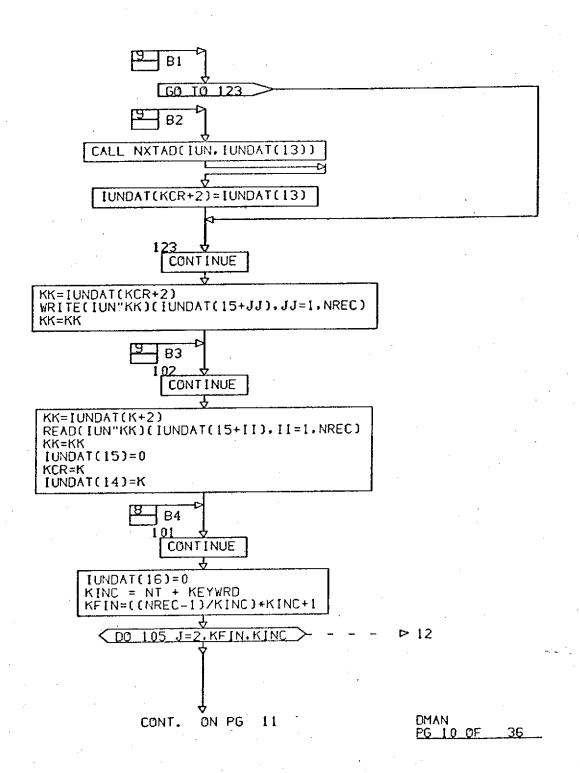


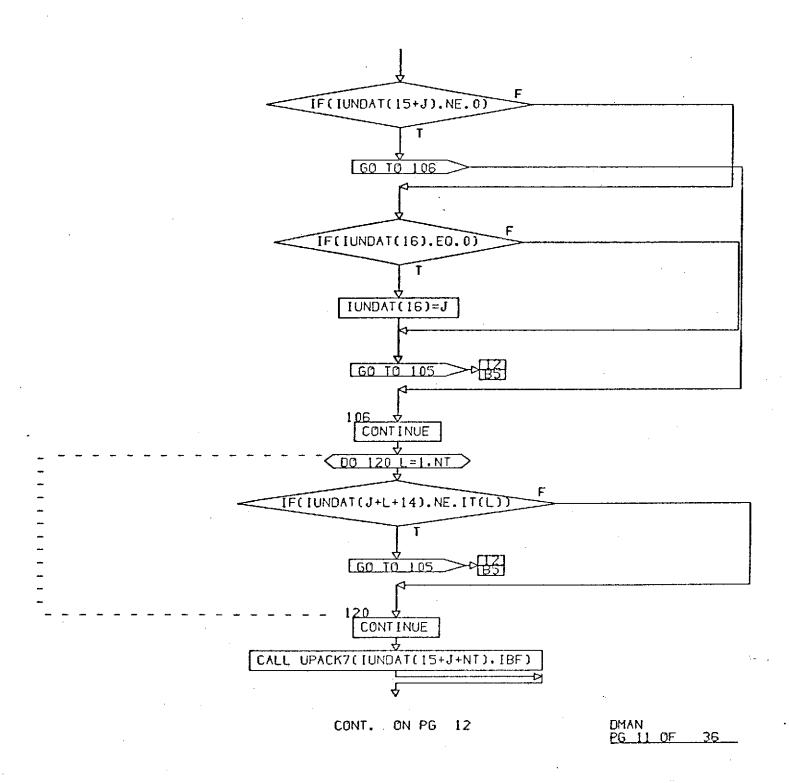
DMAN PG 7 OF 36

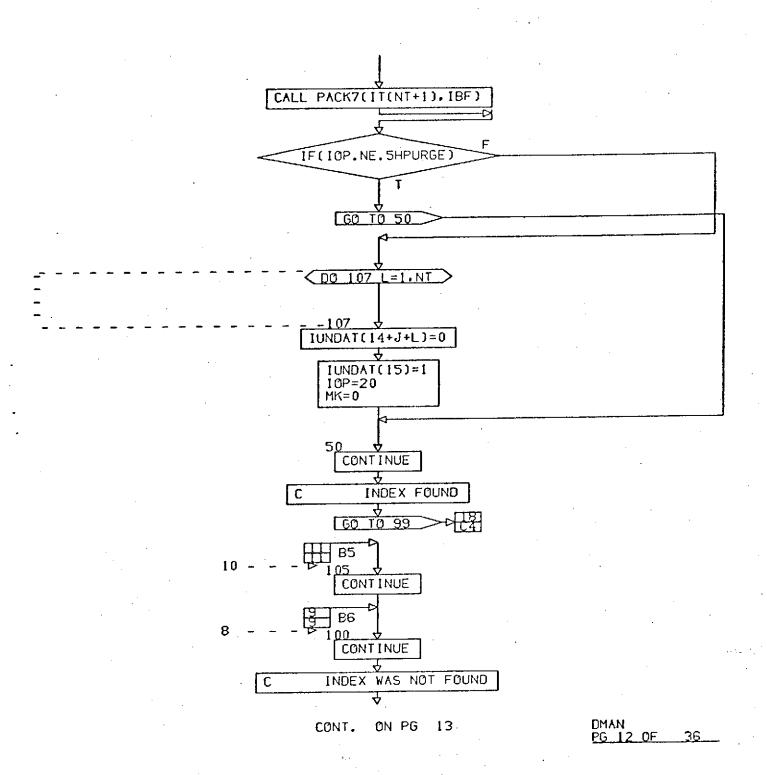


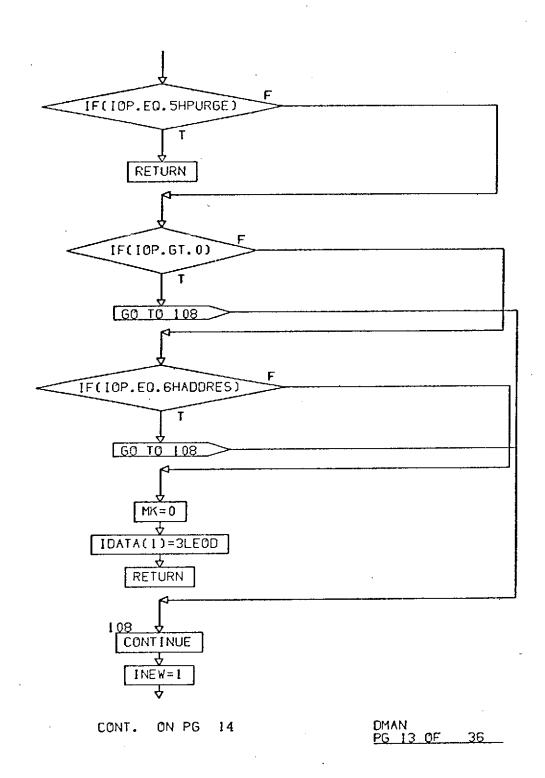


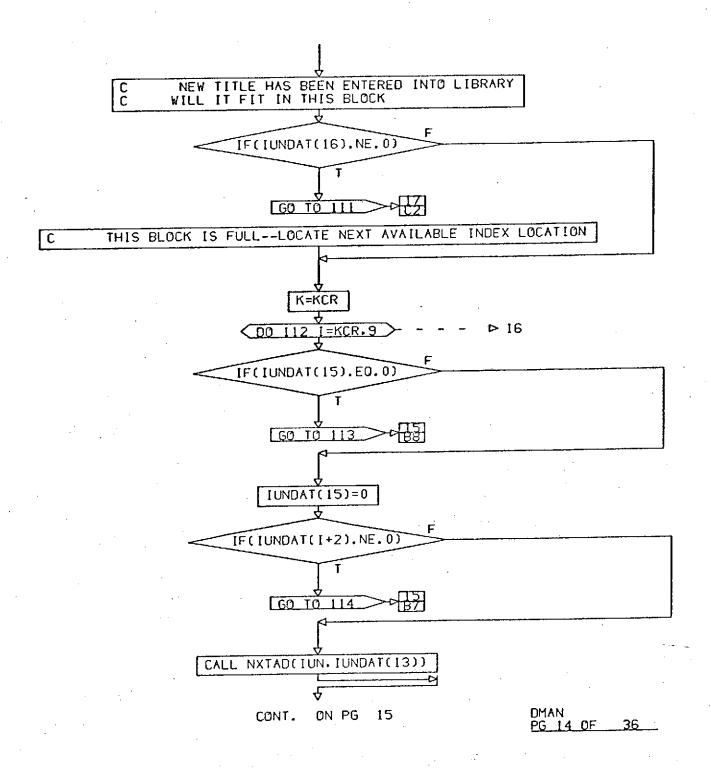
DMAN PG 9 OF 36

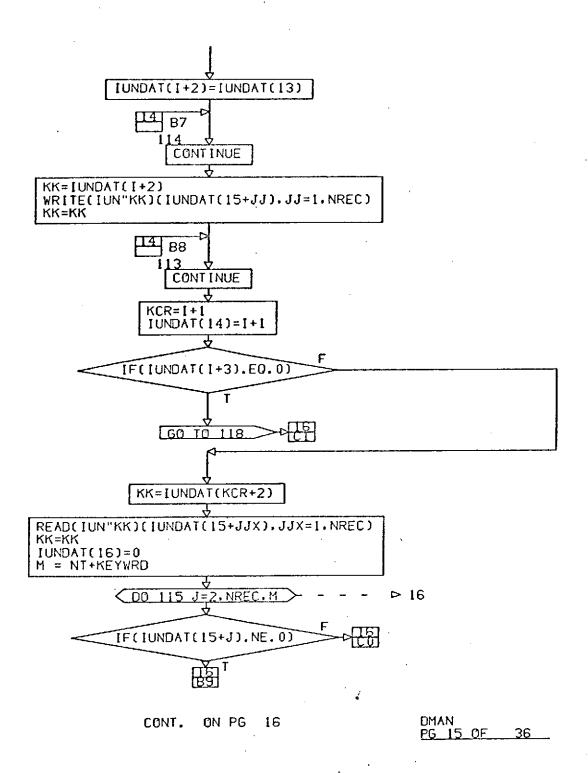


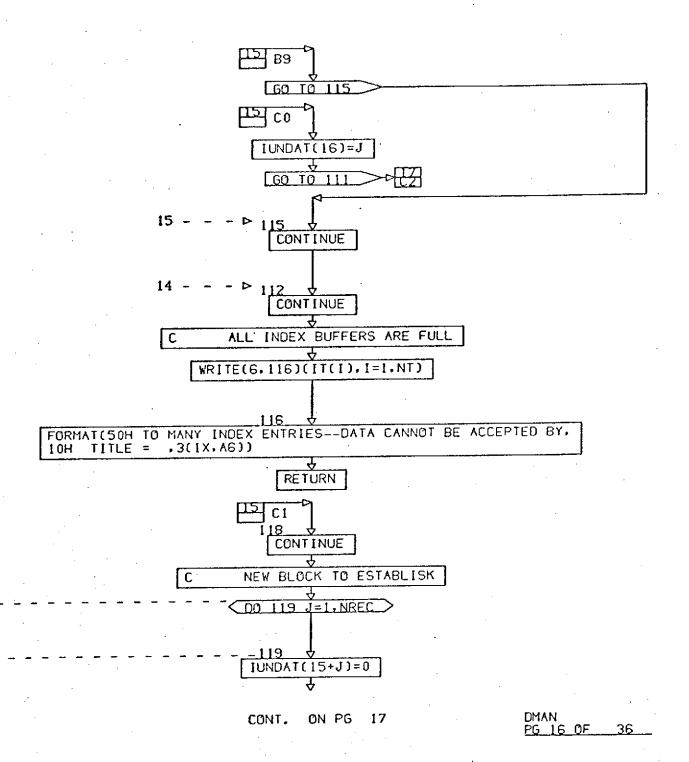


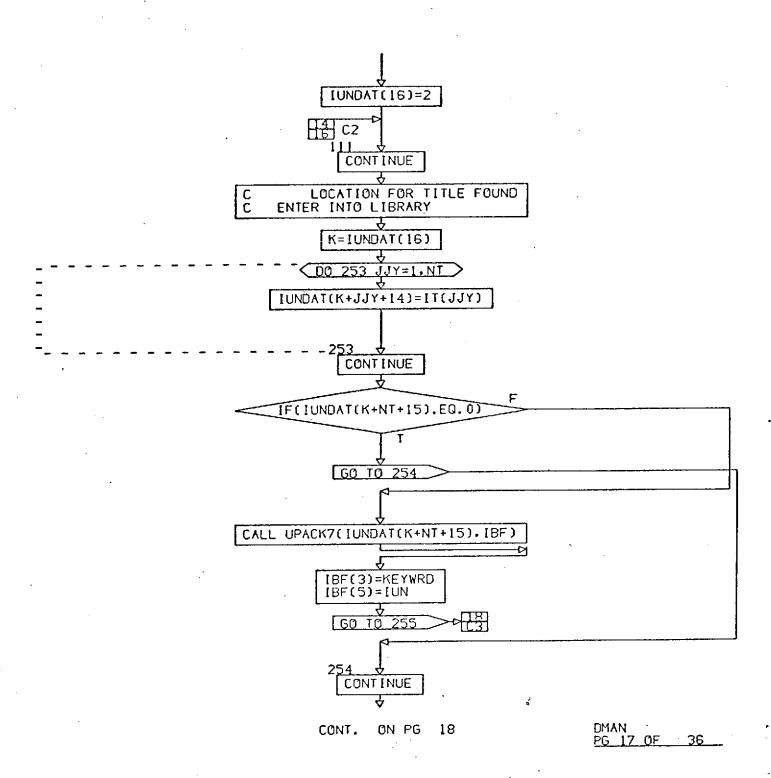


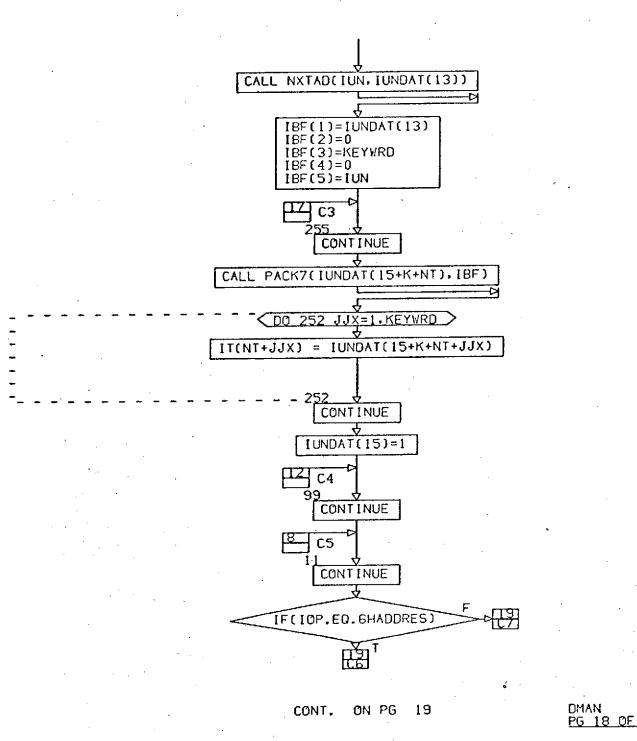


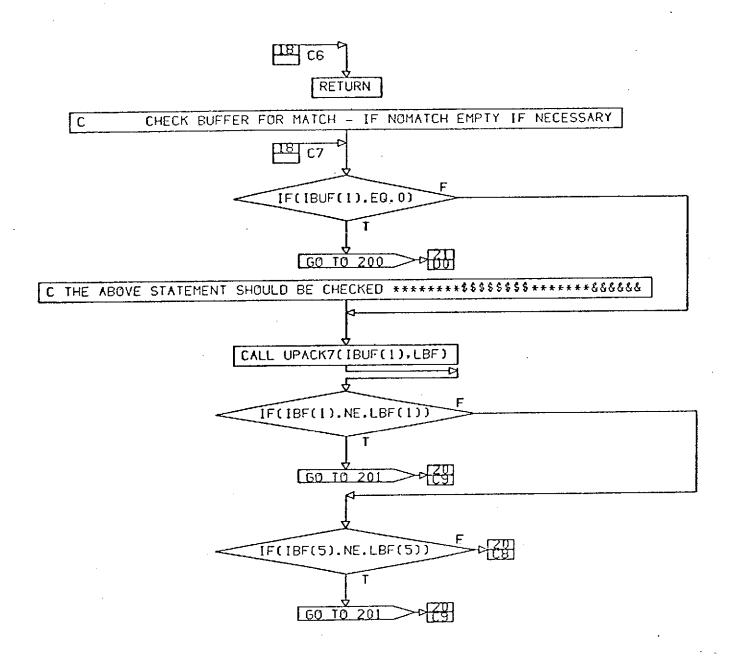




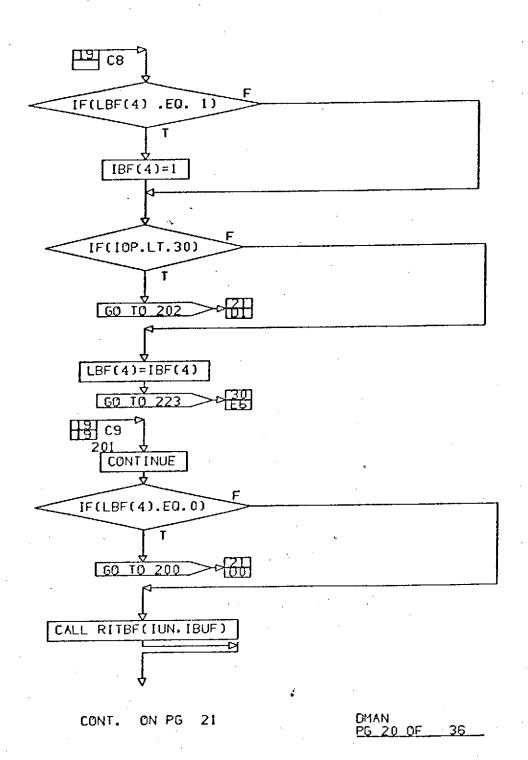


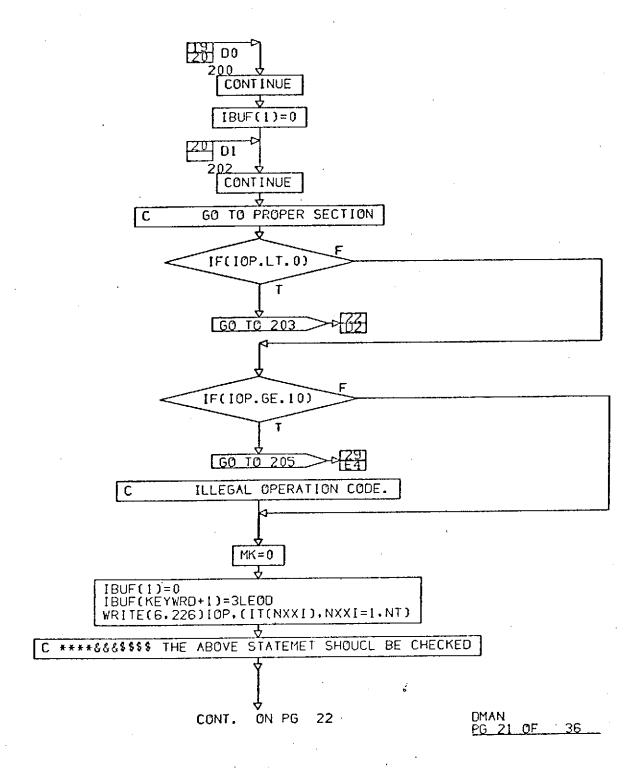


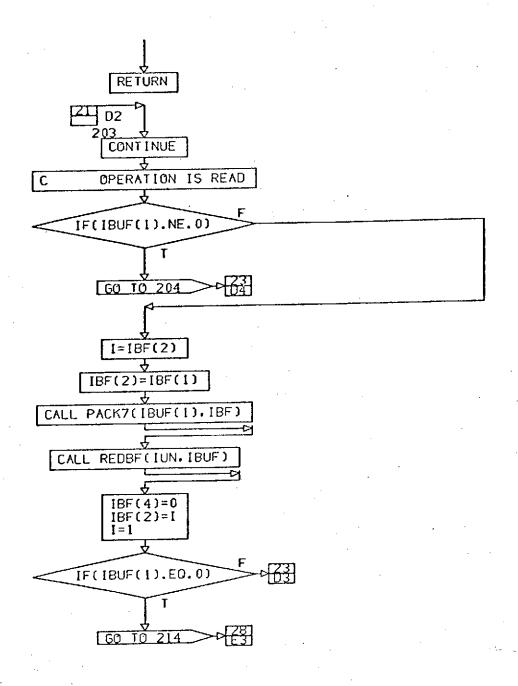




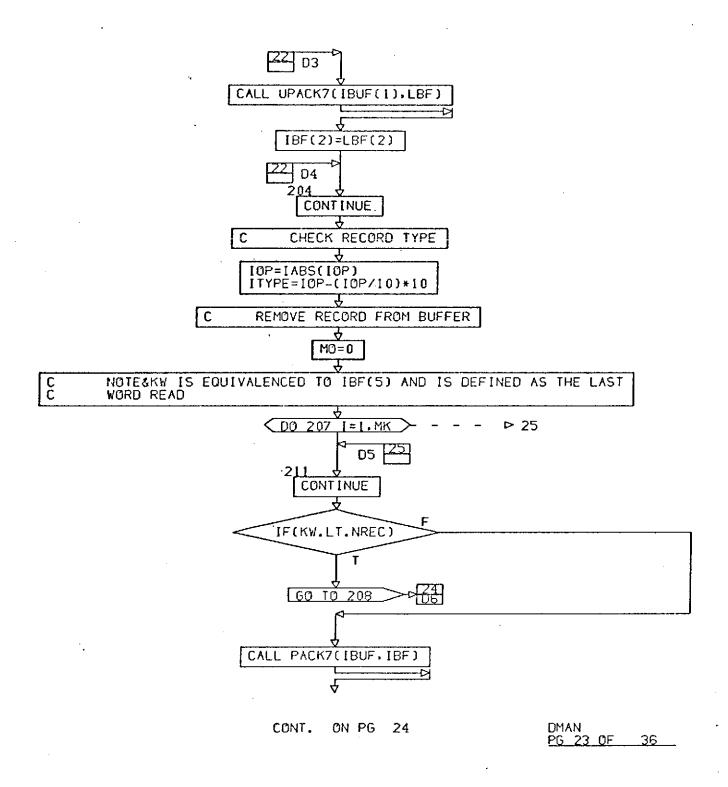
DMAN PG 19 OF 36

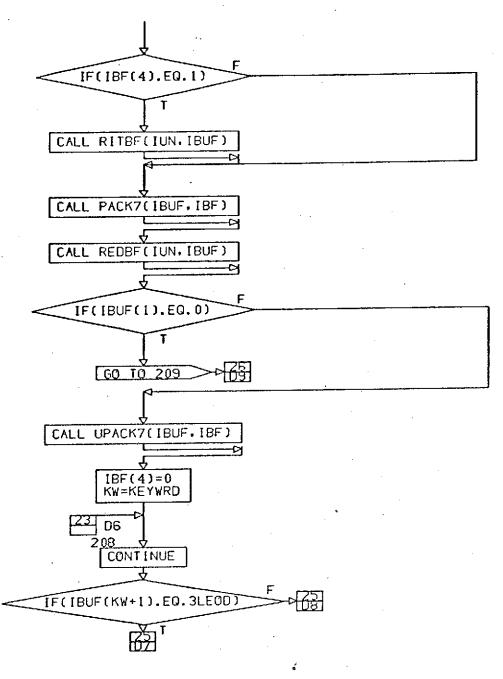




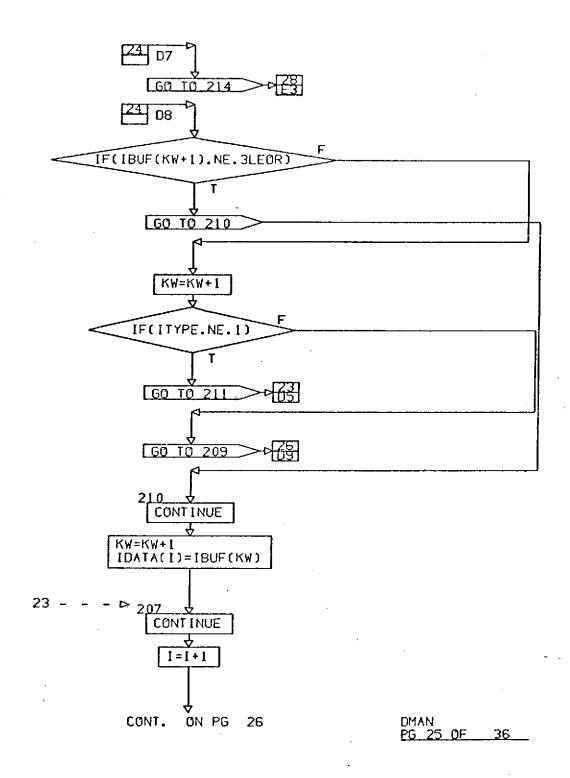


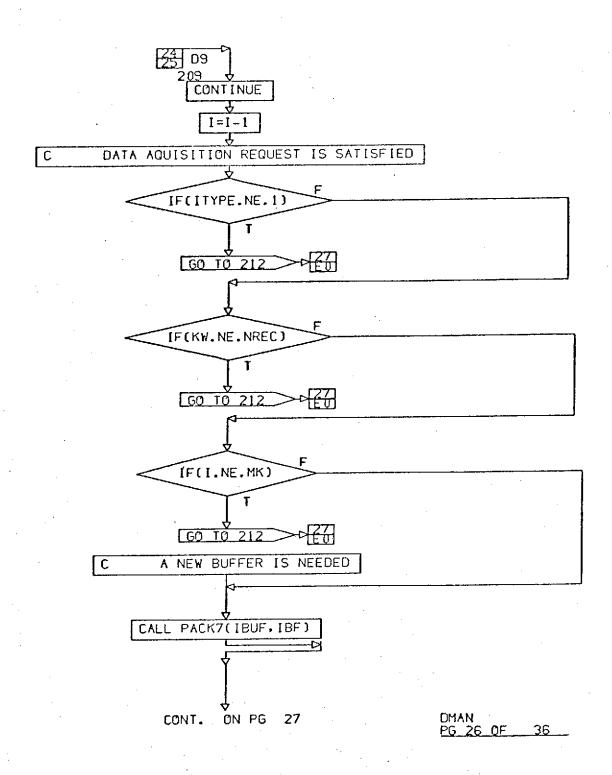
DMAN PG 22 OF 36

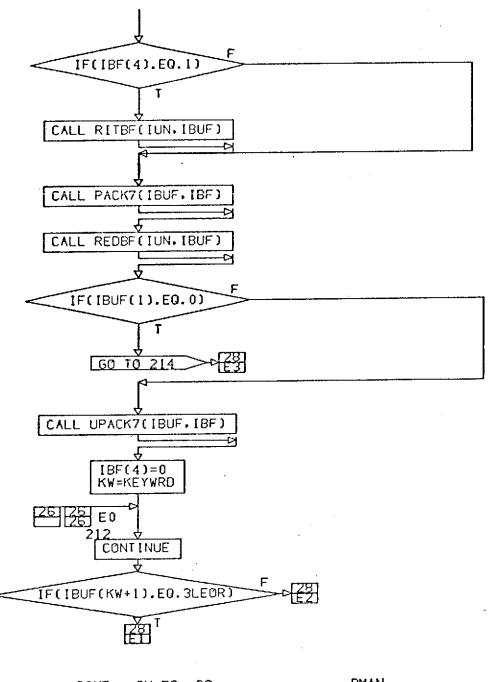




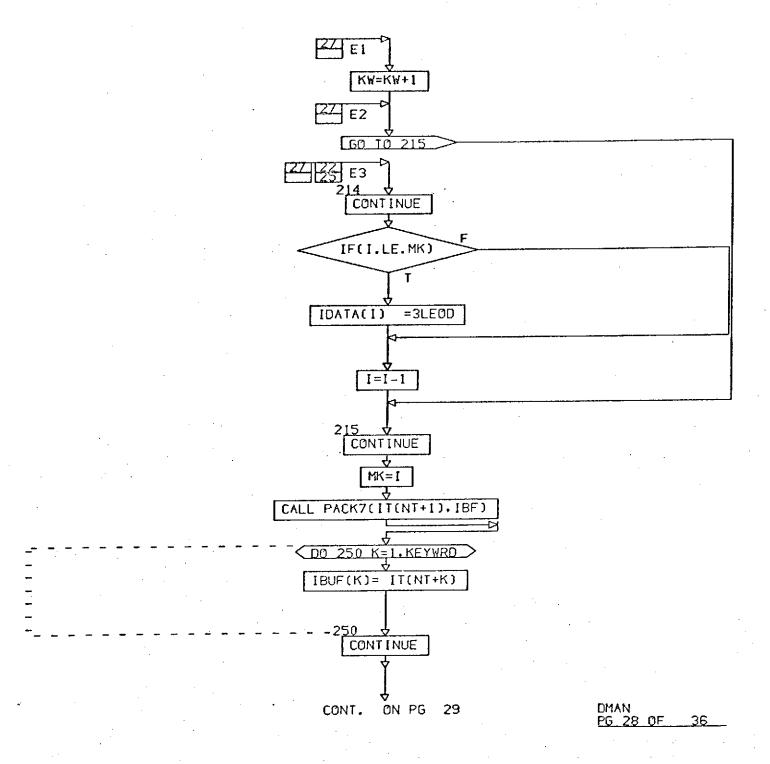
DMAN PG 24 OF 36

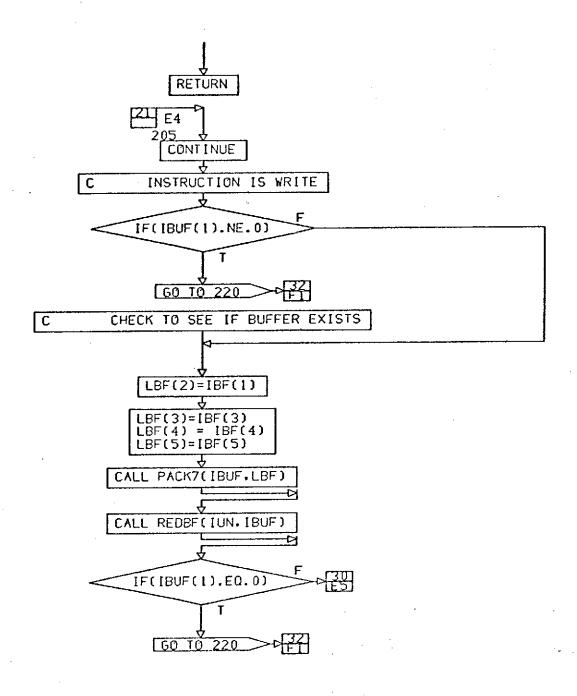




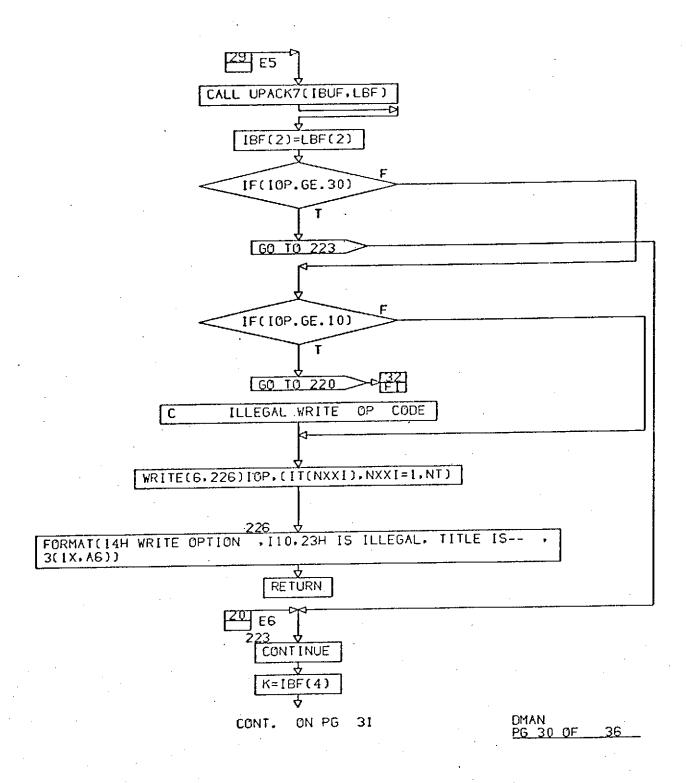


DMAN PG 27 OF 36

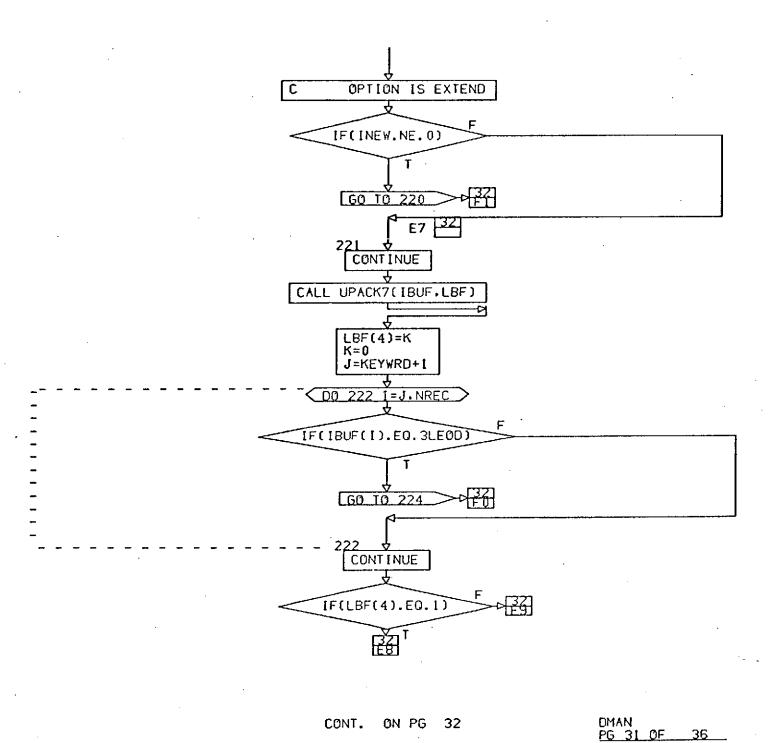


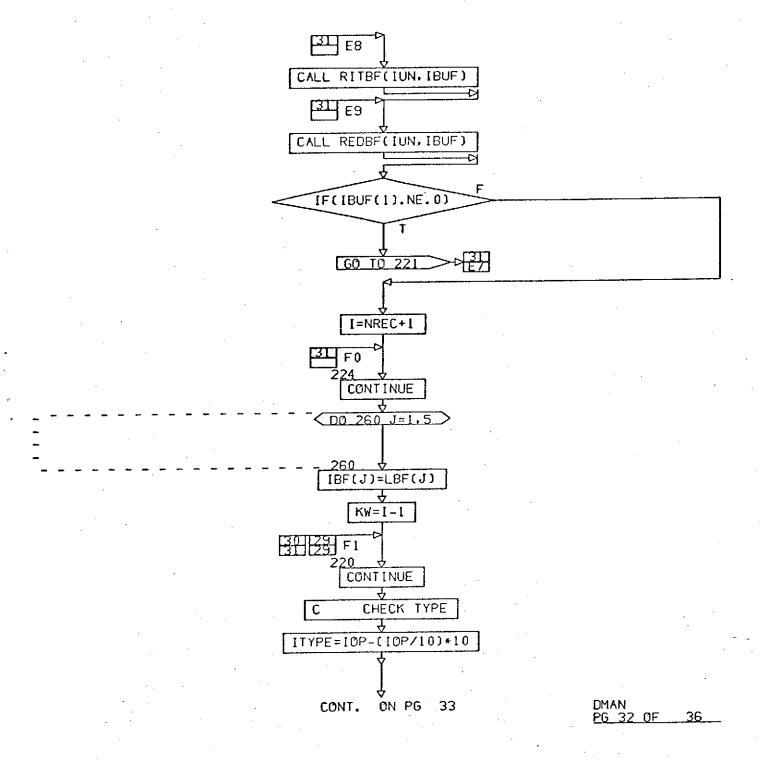


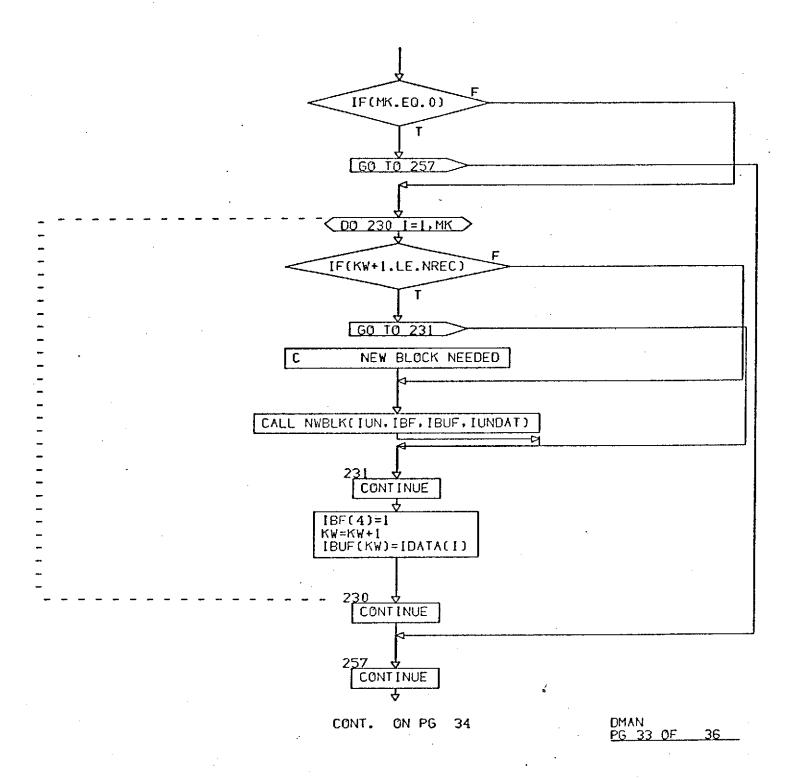
DMAN PG 29 OF 36

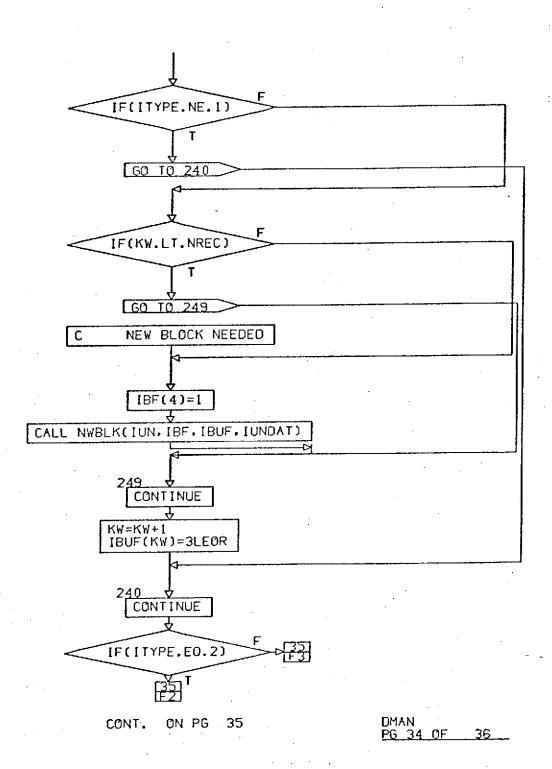


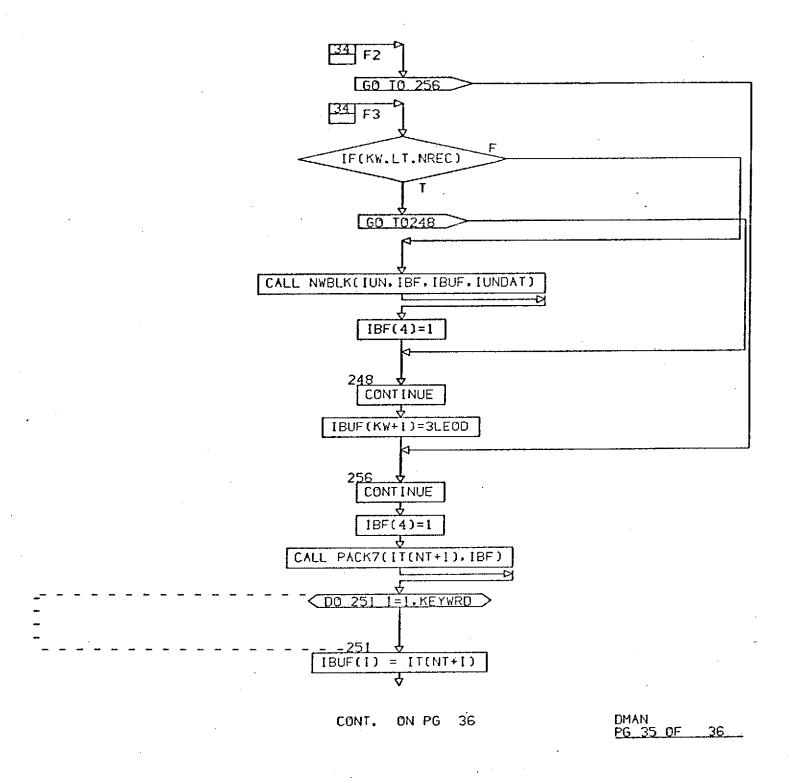
ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY

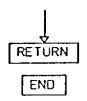




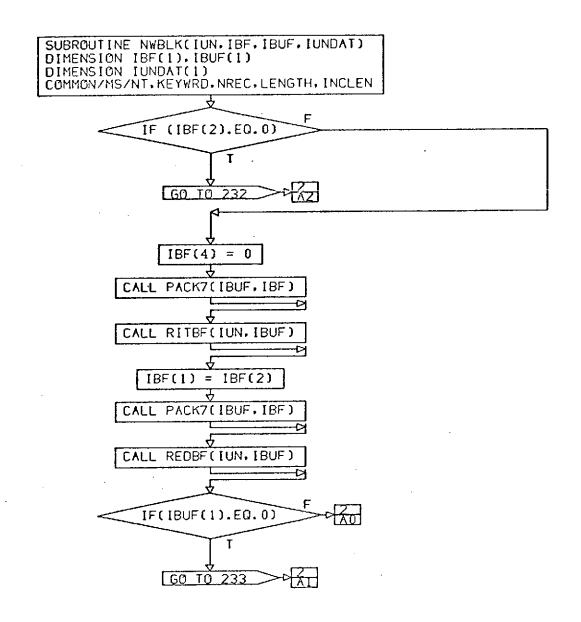






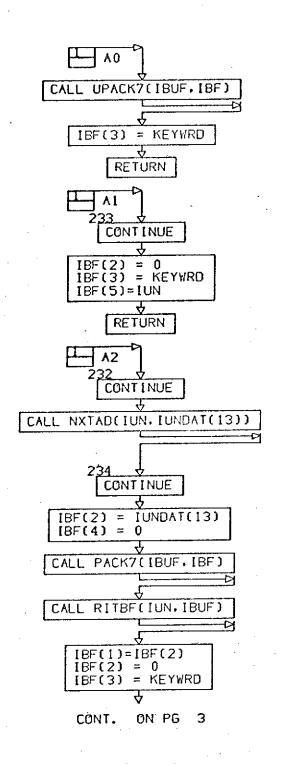


DMAN <u>PG 36 FINAL</u>



CONT. ON PG 2

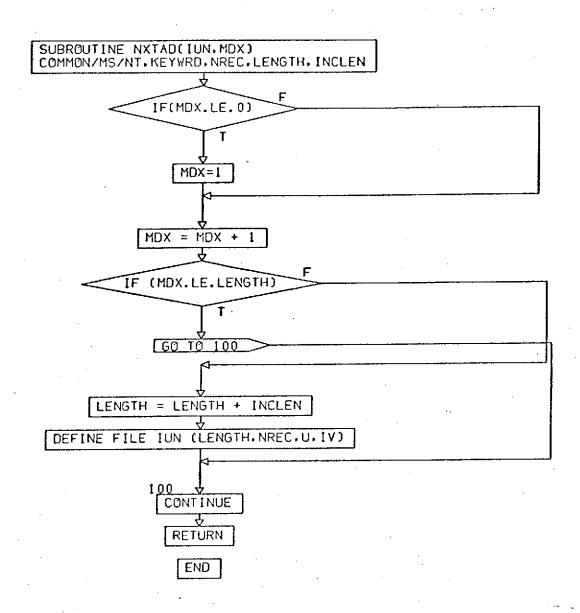
NWBLK PG 1 OF 3



NWBLK PG 2 OF 3



NWBLK PG 3 FINAL



NXTAD PG 1 FINAL

```
SUBROUTINE PACK7(IWORD, IARRAY)
INTEGER IWORD(1), IARRAY(1)
IXRY1 = IARRAY(1)
IXRY2 = IARRAY(2)
IXRY3 = IARRAY(3)
IXRY4 = IARRAY(4)
IXRY5 = IARRAY(5)
IWXD1=0

IWXD2=0
FLD(0,20,IWXD1)=FLD(16,20,IXRY1)
FLD(20,16,IWXD1)=FLD(16,16,IXRY2)
FLD(0,4,IWXD2)=FLD(26,10,IXRY3)
FLD(4,10,IWXD2)=FLD(26,10,IXRY3)
FLD(14,10,IWXD2)=FLD(26,10,IXRY4)
FLD(24,10,IWXD2)=FLD(26,10,IXRY5)
IWORD(1) = IWXD1

IWORD(2) = IWXD2

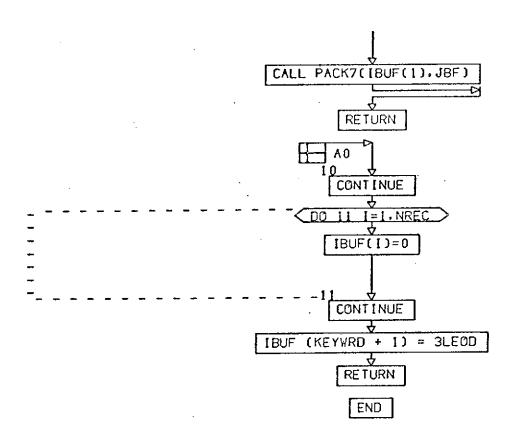
RETURN

END
```

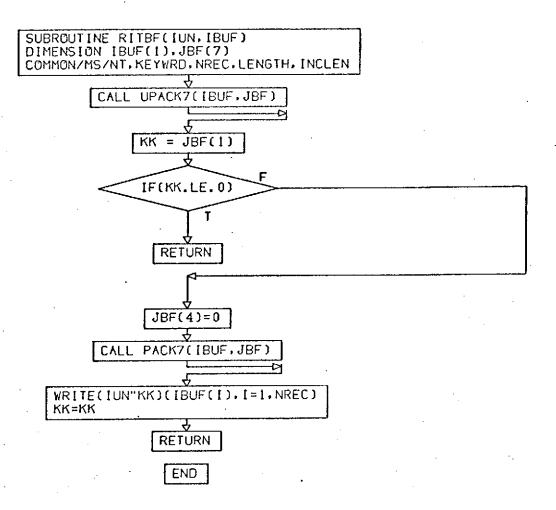
PACK7 PG 1 FINAL

SUBROUTINE REDBF(IUN. 18UF)
DIMENSION IBUF(1). JBF(7) COMMON/MS/NT, KEYWRD, NREC, LENGTH, INCLEN THE PURPOSE OF THIS ROUTINE IS TO READ THE NEXT BUFFER. C CALL UPACK7(IBUF(1). JBF) IF(JBF(2).E0.0) GO TO 10 KK = JBF(2)KUN=JBF(5)
READ(IUN"KK,ERR=10)(IBUF(I).I=I,NREC) KK=KK IF(IBUF(1).E0.0) GO TO 10 CALL UPACK7(IBUF(1), JBF) JBF(4)=0 JBF(3)=KEYWRD REDBF CONT. ON PG OF. PG 1

of Poor quality



REDBF PG 2 FINAL



RITBF PG 1 FINAL

```
SUBROUTINE UPACK7(IWORD, IARRAY)
INTEGER IWORD(1), IARRAY(1)
IWXD1 = IWORD(2)
DATA IXRY1/0/
DATA IXRY2/0/
DATA IXRY2/0/
DATA IXRY3/0/
DATA IXRY3/0/
FLD(16.20.IXRY1)=FLD(0.20.IWXD1)
FLD(16.16.IXRY2)=FLD(20.16.IWXD1)
FLD(32.4.IXRY2)=FLD(0.4.IWXD2)
FLD(26.10.IXRY3)=FLD(4.10.IWXD2)
FLD(26.10.IXRY3)=FLD(4.10.IWXD2)
FLD(26.10.IXRY3)=FLD(4.10.IWXD2)
IARRAY(1)=IXRY1

IARRAY(2)=IXRY2
IARRAY(3)=IXRY3
IARRAY(4)=IXRY4
IARRAY(5)=IXRY5

RETURN

END
```

UPACK7 PG | FINAL